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AMHARIC-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

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OTTO HARRASSOWITZ · WIESBADEN

PREFACE

The process of change that Amharic has been undergoing since the reign of Menelik II as a result of the Westernization assiduously cultivated by that monarch has intensified since the Ethiopian Revolution of 1974. It is not just that the Socialist ideology adopted by the present regime requires its own vocabulary but also that linguistic nationalism which seeks to replace the foreign words so familiar to the educated elite has been given free rein. In the attempt to expand the range of the Amharic lexicon, recourse has been had to borrowing extensively from the Geez lexicon to which new meanings have often been arbitrarily assigned, e.g. መዋዕለ ንዋይ 'investment funds' from Geez መዋዕል 'days' and ንዋይ 'goods, property, money'. The user of this dictionary would be well advised to have Wolf Leslau's Comparative Dictionary of Geez at hand even though the definitions given in that dictionary will often give no clue to the present meaning. Geez has always been extensively used in Amharic religious writings and those having a strong moralistic flavor. In the past, the ability to use Geez words and phrases and even copious quotes from the Geez version of the Bible was the mark of an educated man. Consequently, the authors of the monolingual Amharic dictionaries have included many Geez words. In this dictionary, those Geez entries which are probably not current have been marked (Geez). No effort has been made to identify all the Geez components of the Amharic lexicon. In some cases, Geez words have been included within their cognate Amharic root, e.g. ACY7 'light' is listed under N& 'to shine' and BAF 'book' with && 'to write'. In all cases, however, cross-references are provided. Where a Geez word is not readily related to its Amharic cognate root or where the root has not survived into Amharic, it is treated like a loanword and entered according to its initial letter, e.g. +A\$A 'rejuvenation' is listed under \mathbf{r} as its relationship to $\mathbf{A} \mathbf{R} \mathbf{n}$ 'to renew' is not evident from the spelling.

This version of an Amharic-English dictionary is basically a compilation of the existing lexicons: the Vocabulario Amarico-Italiano of Ignazio Guidi and its Supplemento, the Dictionnaire Amarigna-Français of Joseph Baeteman, Amharic-English Vocabulary of Charles Herbert Armbruster (Vol. I), the Amharic-English Dictionary of Amsalu Aklilu and the monolingual dictionaries written by Ethiopian scholars, notably the hat ACT3 thay (KBT) of Täsämma Habtä-mikael and the han same and the han same (AYMQ) of Dästa Täklä-wäld.

Most of the definitions taken from the sources mentioned above were translated without any context to serve as a guide. In addition, the authors of the aforementioned monolingual Amharic dictionaries were without linguistic training. Their definitions often lack clarity and

frequently the citation word appears in the definition, therefore the possibility of error is great. They also had an original approach to the understanding of a given root. They believed that the meaning of any derived stem or non-verbal element was also inherent in the basic stem and upon occasion where no basic stem existed, did not hesitate to invent one. In many cases, these original definitions have been deleted but more than a few remain. They may be identified by the words 'probably derived from . . .'. These two authors also have a tendency to conjugational symmetry, that is they list as valid forms most of the possible forms of a given root. For instance, the KBT gives the form ending in -os for most root entries, a practice not followed by the AYMQ. Nonetheless, the vocabulary of Amharic is in such a state of flux with new words being coined which make use of all the resources of Amharic that it seemed best to retain them. Recent issues of the newspaper, Addis Zemen, contain new words such as not of Scrabble' (a word game) which appeared too late to be included in this dictionary. It may also be noted that many of the neologisms contain forms not otherwise attested. Further, recent works of fiction like Haddis Alämayyähu's far hard and Täsfaye Sontayyähu's contain many words of Gojjame and Gondare provenance not found in this dictionary.

Naturally entries from Guidi, Baeteman, the Supplemento and Armbruster contain a good many obsolete words, usages and meanings. However, the present time is one in which practically any text written in Amharic can be made available through the computer and the Xerox machine. Given the intense interest in matters Ethiopian due to the Ethiopian Revolution and its aftermath, it seemed judicious to include the usages contained in these lexicons since many researchers will be working with documents covering a wide chronological range.

No thoroughgoing effort has been made to provide the etymology of all the words in this dictionary. To do so, a thorough knowledge of Oromanna and the other Cushitic languages of Ethiopia would be required. Not all Amharic words of foreign origin are equally known to all Amharic speakers. Therefore etymologies – where known – have been supplied with the exception of words like *radio* and *gas* which by belonging to the scientific or technical vocabulary may be considered international. English presents a special problem in that most educated Ethiopians know English and tend to use English words when no adequate Amharic equivalent exists or readily comes to mind, hence it is not always certain if a given English

word is a genuine loanword or is simply being used faute de mieux if not to show off the speaker's knowledge of that language. Sometimes certain English words acquire a different meaning in Amharic usage than they have in English, for example 'artificial' meaning 'toy' [adj.]. Generally the language from which a loanword was directly taken is indicated. However, most words of Greek or Latin origin have been ascribed to these languages even though they have been received into Amharic from Geez and/or Arabic. Those few words derived from Hindi, Spanish or the like have probably come into Amharic via Italian but since much research would be required to determine the course by which they came into Amharic, only the most certain origin has been indicated in this dictionary.

A certain number of inconsistencies will be noted. Reduplicated compound verbs such as TAP TAP An may have the final consonant of the first element indicated as ungeminated in the transcription but as geminated in other cases. In conversational speech, the final consonant of the first element is not geminated and this is reflected in the transliterations of these verbs given in the dictionaries of Gankin and Armbruster. In addition, nominal derivatives of the CäCaCa type should have the second and third consonants geminated for verbs of type B but there are many exceptions to this rule.

Some of the loanwords, many of them Arabic, cited by the KBT must be considered doubtful. Three entries in particular indicate that this suspicion is justified: AC 'merchant of bricks' is apparently a misunderstanding of Dozy's qaššār 'marchand de bric-a-brac' and KhCA 'a kind of mosque' is obviously a misunderstanding of d'Abbadie's 'mousquet de grandes dimensions'. ACC which occurs in Baeteman with the meaning 'a kind of hay', appears as two entries in the KBT, the first with the meaning 'a kind of tree, juniper, a tree growing in Syria' and the second with the meaning 'hay'. Since Arabic sanaubar 'stone pine' denotes a kind of tree that does not grow in Ethiopia, the first citation seems improbable. In his choice of Arabic loanwords, the author of the KBT may have been unduly influenced by his many years of residence in Harar which as a Muslim religious center has been subjected to the influence of Arabic.

Geographic coordinates have been taken from the Gazetteer of Ethiopia published by the Defense Mapping Agency, Washington, D.C. While comprehensive, this gazetteer does not have a consistent transcription system and does not take into account regions like Bulga which have no officially recognized administrative boundaries. Its place-names are drawn from the 1501 S map series, 1:250,000 scale which was produced by the same agency in 1972. This map series contains far fewer names than the British War Office maps produced by the Geographical Section, General Staff in the 1:500,000 scale and reproduced by the Survey Directorate of the East Africa Command during World War II.

Most of the entries under **6**% 'plant' have been taken from Jacques Mercier's article "Approche de la médecine des debteras."

ORDER OF ENTRIES

The order of an entry is as follows: verb – simplex, reduplicative, passive, reciprocal, causative, conative, causative of a causative and where applicable, verbs with prefixed tan- and an-. After the verbs, the derived forms follow: simple, prefixed +-, pref

Illustrative sentences have generally been enclosed in parentheses while idioms have not. Sayings and sentences containing peculiar usages have been placed at the end of the subentry, e.g. a proverb or a sentence containing the verb AAL as headword will be at the end of the entry for AAL and will be immediately followed by the sub-entry AAAL.

The transliteration system used in this dictionary is the same as that employed by Wolf Leslau in his Amharic Textbook and his Concise Amharic Dictionary (see table). Transliterations of Arabic words are taken from A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic, by Hans Wehr, edited by J Milton Cowan, 4th edition. Transliterations of Oromana words are from the Oromo Dictionary by Gene Gragg unless otherwise noted. In some cases, the Amharic source identified a given word as Oromana but the word was not listed in either Gragg or in da Thiene. In such an instance, the word is marked Orom, but no transliteration is given. Attributions, e.g. (KBT), (Ar.), (inf.) indicate a certain amount of doubt.

The transliteration conforms more closely to the written symbol than actual pronunciation. For example, Amharic very rarely uses the glottal stop and where it does, there is no differentiation in pronunciation between o(') and h('). The change of \ddot{a} to \ddot{a} after the consonant \ddot{a} is not indicated. For further information on Amharic pronunciation, see *Amharic Textbook* by Wolf Leslau.

SYMBOLS

- * preceding an entry, e.g. *ከተለ ተከተለ indicates that the verb has no simplex form. It is also used to indicate the root of one or more Geez entries, e.g. *ምጣሐ ተሞፕሐ and for indicating that the presumed root of a particular form does not exist, e.g. * ተለ ሰ. ተል sigüll 'when he kills' (see 186).
- : in a definition, e.g. 'to chase (dog: tail)' is to indicate that the colon replaces the verb and the definition should read 'dog to chase his tail'.
- [] Words in the translation of a citation sentence that are enclosed in brackets indicate that they are translators' additions. An entry enclosed in brackets, e.g. [mm mattaça pipe see mm] indicates that the entry does not belong to the root in which it is listed but properly belongs elsewhere.
- () Parentheses around any Amharic letter or transliteration, e.g. (?) > A or säl(1) äb indicate an alternate usage, i.e. the word may or may not occur with or without the letter within the parentheses.

ORTHOGRAPHY

The orthography used in this dictionary is etymological, following the example set by Wolf Leslau in his *English-Amharic Context Dictionary*. At times the orthography of the citation sentences reflects the usage of the source from which it was taken.

Since written Amharic, specifically printed material, favors & for 4 and 7 for 7 regardless of actual pronunciation, entries have generally been standardized using the labialized velars.

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

esp.

Eth.

euph.

Ex.

f.

excl.

fam.

fem.

fig.

fin.

fl.

abbr. abbreviation **ABMQ** Amarəňňa bamarəňňa mäzgäbä accusative, according (to) acc. Anno Domini A.D. Adduňňa or Adduňňa bəlaš (see sources) Adäfrəs (see sources) adj. adjective adv. adverb Af. Men. (see sources) Afäwärq Romance (see sources) Af. Rom. agric. agriculture, agricultural Aläm säggäd (see sources) A.M. Amätä məhrät Am. Amsalu (see sources) AmF. Amsalu Fälitočč (see sources) Amh. Amharic **AMO** Amarəňňa măsəhetä qalat (see sources) anatomical anat. And L. And Lännatu (see sources) apparently app. approx. approximately Arabic Ar. (Ar.) Armbruster (see sources) Arava (see sources) arith. arithmetic art. article astrol. astrology AWG Afäwärq Grammatica (see sources) **AWMen** Afäwärq Menelik (see sources) AWT Afäwärg Ləbb wälläd tarik (see sources) AYMO Addis yamarəňňa mäzgäbä qalat (see sources) В Baeteman (see sources) Bibl. Biblical ca. circa Cer. Cerulli (citation specified in Supplemento) cf. compare chem. chemistry

civil.

civilian

cm. centimeter Cohen (see sources) Cohen-Griaule (Cohen, Nouvelles Etudes, citing Marcel Griaule) colloquial collog. conjunction сопј. Context (Leslau, see sources) COPWE Committee for the Organization of the Party of the Workers of Ethiopia Cowley (see sources) d'Abbadie (see sources) da Thiene (see sources) **Dawkins** (see sources) def. definite dej. däğğazmač demonstrative dem. der. derived from dial. dialect Dillmann (see sources) diol. diplomatic Dozy (see sources) dram. drama Ε. east EAR Eadie (see sources) **EPLF** Eritrean People's Liberation Front **EPRP** Ethiopian People's Revolutionary Party eccl., eccles, ecclesiastical **Edwards** (see sources) exempla gratia e.g. elec. electrical **English** Eng.

cspecially

Ethiopian

Exodus

feminine

familiar

feminine

figurative

financial

florit

euphemism

exclamation

FM	frequency modulation	Mäşhafä təz	zata (see sources)
Fr.	French	М-В	Messing-Bender (see sources)
	gram	mech.	mechanical
g. G.	Guidi (see sources)	med.	medical
	haymanot (see sources)	MEISON	All-Ethiopia Socialist Movement
gazetteer	(see sources)	meteor.	meteorological
	geographical	mg.	milligram
geog. geol.	geological	M.H.	Märha həşanat (see sources)
geom.	geometry	M.1.	Mäikə'a Ityoppya (see sources)
-	gerund	mil.	military
ger. Gk.	Greek	ms., mss.	manuscript(s)
(Gk.)	Gankin (see sources)	M.T.	Maria Theresa dollar
	gram	mtn.	mountain
gr. gramm.	grammar	mts.	mountains
Grebau1	(see sources)	n.	noun, name
Grianle	(see sources)	N.	north
Guidi	(see sources)	N.B.	nota bene
ha.	hectare	neg.	negative
na. Haberland	(see sources)	Neg. Gaz.	Negarit Gazeta (see sources)
H,E.	His Excellency	neol.	neologism
Hebr.	Hebrew	N.T.	New Testament
Hind.	Hindi	OAU	Organization of African Unity
hist.	historical	obs.	obsolete
Hoben	(see sources)	occ.	occasionally
hort.	horticulture, horticultural	orig.	originally
imper.	imperative	Orom.	Ототейа
imper.	imperfect	orth.	orthodox
impers.	impersonal	0.5.	oneself
incl.	including	O.T.	Old Testament
(inf.)	informant	part.	participle
[inf.]	infinitive	pers.	person, personal
iron.	ironical	Pers.	Persian
Is.	Israel	philos.	philosophy
It.	Italian	phys.	physics
jur.	juridical	pl., plur.	plural
Käəngədih	-	pol.	polite, political
KBT	Käsatä bərhan Täsämma (see	pol. pl.	polite plural
	sources)	poss.	possibly
kg.	kilogram	ppl.	population
km.	kilometer	pr.	proper, properly
KWK	Kidanā wäld Kəfle (see sources)	prep.	preposition
L.	Leslau, Echo words (see sources)	prob.	ртobably
Lat.	Latin	pron.	pronoun
lit.	literally	p.s.	postscript
loc.	location	psych.	psychology
Ludolf	(see sources)	Qärin G.	Qärin gärrämäw (see sources)
LXX	the Septuagint	Qur'ān	(sec sources)
m.	masculine, meter	q.v.	qui vide, i.e. see reference
(M)	Jacques Mercier (see sources)	Ř.	river
masc.	masculine	rel.	religion
111436+		•	

S.	south
sev.	several
sg.	singular
sgt.	sergeant
Shel.	Shelemay (see sources)
5.0.	someone
sp. (spp.)	specie(s)
Sp.	Spanish
specif.	specific, specifically
sq.	square
st., St.	saint
s.th.	something
Stitz	(see sources)
Strel.	Strelcyn (see sources)
Strel. Priè	es (see sources)
sts., Sts.	saints
suff.	suffix(ed)
Տորթ.	Supplemento (see sources)
sw	Sämənna wärq (see sources)
SW Voc.	Sämənna wärq vocabulary
Syr.	Syriac
TA	Tigrinya-Anılıaric (see sources)

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Te.
            Tigre
Tňa.
            Tigrinya
trad.
            traditional
Trad. Interp. (Cowley, see sources)
            (see sources)
Traité
Turk.
            Turkish
UN
             United Nations
             usually
us.
            variation, variety (referring to
var.
             plants)
             verb
vb.
vbl.
             verbal
             intransitive verb
vi
             vocabulary
voc.
             transitive verb
vŧ
vulg.
             vulgar
W.
             west
Walker
             (see sources)
Westphal
             (see sources)
W/ro
             Wäyzäro
             Yamarəňňa sənä qalat (see sources)
YSQ
Zəkrä nägär (see sources)
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COMMON ABBREVIATIONS OCCURRING IN THE AMHARIC PRESS

ሕመጎት - ሕዝባዊ ወያኔ ኃርነት ቲግራይ Tigre People's Liberation Front (TPLF)

ሕድሬኢ - ሕዝባዊ ዲሞክራሲያዊ ሪፐብሊክ ኢትዮጵያ People's Democratic Republic of Ethiopia (PDRE)

ሁገለዘ - ሁለንብ አብዮታዊ ዘመቻ or የኤርትራ ክፍለ ሀገር ቀይ ኮከብ ሁለንብ አብዮታዊ ዘመቻ Red Star of Eritrea Multifaceted Revolutionary Campaign

ማሌሊት - ማርከሳዊ ሊኒናዊ ሲግ ትግራይ Marxist-Leninist League of Tigre (MALELIT)

ተመድ - የተባበሩት መንግሥታት ድርጅት United Nations Organization (UN)

ኢሀጣት - የኢትዮጵያ ሀገር ውስጥ ማከፋፈያ ኮርፖሬሽን Ethiopian Domestic Distribution Corporation

ኢሕአዲግ - የኢትዮጵያ ሕዝብ አብዮታዊ ዲሞክራሲያዊ ግንባር Ethiopian People's Revolutionary Democratic Front (EPRDF)

ኢሕድን-የኢትዮጵያ ሕዝብ ዲሞክራሲያዊ ንቅናቄ Ethiopian People's Democratic Movement (EPDM)

ዕጣማት - የአርዳታ ማስተባበሪያና ማቋቋሚያ ኮሚሽን Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC)

ኢውማ - የኢትዮጵያ ውራተኞች ማኅበር Ethiopian Workers' Union (EWU)

ኢሥን - የኢትዮጵያ ሥራተኛ ፓርቲ Workers' Party of Ethiopia (WPE)

ኢውፓአኮ - የኢትዮጵያ ውራተን ፓርቲ አደራጅ ኮሚቴ Committee for the Organization of the Party of the Workers of Ethiopia (COPWE)

አሰንድ - የአርሻ ሰብል ነበያ ድርጅት Agricultural Marketing Corporation (AMC)

ኢትክባ - የኢትዮጵያ ኮንስትራክሽን ባለሥልጣን Ethiopian Construction Authority

አዕማድ - አመቃሳይ የዕቅድ ማዘጋሽ ድርጅት Central Planning and Preparation Organization (CPPO)

አኢሴማ - የአብዮታዊ ኢትዮጵያ ሴቶች ማኅበር Revolutionary Ethiopian Women's Association (REWA)

አኤወማ - የአብዮታዊ ኢትዮጵያ ወጣት ማኅበር Revolutionary Ethiopian Youth Association (REYA)

አአድ - የአፍሪካ አንድነት ድርጅት Organization of African Unity (OAU)

አኢንማ - የአብዮታዊ ኢትዮጵያ ነበራ ማኅበር Revolutionary Ethiopian Peasants' Association (REPA)

ኢዘአ - የኢትዮጵያ ዜና አጃንስ Ethiopian News Agency (ENA)

ኢዲጎ - የኢትዮጵያ ዲሞክራሲያዊ ኅብረት Ethiopian Democratic Union (EDU)

ኢደአማ - የኢትዮጵያ ደራሲያን እንድነት ማኅበር Ethiopian Writers' Union (EWU)

አንልድ - የአርሲ ነጠር ልማት ድርጅት Arssi Rural Development Unit (ARDU)

ኢጋማ - የኢትዮጵያ ኃዜጠኞች ማኅበር Ethiopian Journalists' Union (EJU)

ኢፋድ - ኢንተርናኛናል ፋርም ድርጅት International Farm and Agricultural Organization (IFAO)

ከነማ - የከተማ ነዋሪ ማኅበር Urban Dwellers' Association (pl. ከነማት)

ጀጻሪ - ጀርመን ዲሞክራቲክ ሪፐብሲክ German Democratic Republic (GDR)

ግንታት - ግንባር ንድሊ ኃርነት ቲግራይ Tigre Liberation Front (TLF)

ምማድ - የቁናት ማመሳስሻ ድርጅት Cargo Transport Corporation

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ኃይስ ኢየሱስ ፍቃዱ ፣ ከአንጣዲሀ ወዲህ አደራ እንዳይደገም ፣ ንጣድ ማተሚያ ቤት ፣ አዲስ አበባ <u>፩፱፻፶፫</u> መሕተመ ሥላሴ ወልደ መስቀል ፣ ዝክረ ታገር ፣ ታዴጎት ማተሚያ ቤት ፣ አዲስ አበባ ፩፱፻፵፪

መስፍን ልሣት ፣ ያማርኛ መጽሔተ ቃሳት ፣ አር-ቲስቲክ ፕሬስ ፣ አዲስ አፀባ ፩፱፻፶፱ (AMQ)

ምንስ ዕቀነበ ጊዮርጊስ ፡ አማርኛ በአማርኛ መዝንበ ቃላት ፡ በማኅበረ ሐዋርያት ፍሬ ሃይማኖት ኮከበ ጽባሕ ማተሚያ ቤት ፡ አስመራ ፩፱፻፰ (ABMQ)

ቅዱስ ቍርአን፣ አርቲስቲክ ማተሚያ ቤት፣ አዲስ አበባ ፩፱፻፷፩

ተራማጅ መዝገበ ቃላት ፣ የጽንስ ሓሳብ ቃላት መፍቻ ፣ አዲስ አበባ ልፀጀ፷፰

ተሰማ ኃብታ ሚካኤል ግጽው። ክሣቴ ብርኃን ተሰማ፣ አርቲስቲክ ማተሚያ ቤት፣ አዲስ አበባ ፩፱፻፶፩ (KBT)

ታደሰ ዘወልደ፣ ቀሪን ገረመው፣ ብርኃንና ሰላም፣ አዲስ አበባ ፩፱፪፰

ተፈራ ወርቅ አርምዴ ፣ ያጣርኛ ሥነ ቃሳት ፣ አርቲስቲክ ጣተሚያ ቤት ፣ አዲስ አበባ ፩፱፻፵፮ (YSQ)

አሐዱ ሳ৫ሬ ፣ የጨለጣ የፈተና ዓመታት ማስታወሻ (ያልታትመ ጽሑፍ)

<u>ነ</u>ጋሪት ጋዜጣ ፣ ብር*ኃን*ና ስላም ፣ አዲስ አበባ

ዓስሙ ደስታ ፣ ዓለም ሰንድ ፣ ንግድ ማተሚያ ቤት ፣ አዲስ አሰባ ፩፱፻፶

ዓለጣየሁ ምንስ ፣ መልክዓ ኢትዮጵያ ፣ ኮከበ ጽባሕ ፣ አስመራ <u>፩</u>፬፻፶፪ (M.I.)

ዓስማየሁ ምንስ ፡ ሰምና ወርቅ ፡ ፪ኛ መጽሓፍ ፡ አስመራ ኢል ፖሊግራፊኮ ፩፱፻፶፩ (SW)

አምሳሱ አክሊስና ዳኛቸው ወርቁ ፣ ያማርኛ ፈሊቦች ፣ ኩራዝ አሳታሚ ድርጅት ፣ አዲስ አበባ δ፴፻፸፴ (AmF)

አቤ ጉበኛ፣ አንድ ለናቱ፣ ብርሃንና ሰላም፣ አዲስ አበባ ል፱፻፷፩

አዛናው ዓለሜ ፣ አዱኛ ብላሽ ፣ ተስፋ ማተሚያ ቤት ፣ አዲስ አበባ ፩፱፻፶

አፈወርቅ ነብረየሱስ ፡ ዳግማዊ አጤ ምኒልክ ፡ ኢል ፓሳግራፊኮ ፡ አስመራ ፩፱፻፷፮ (reprint of the 1901 Rome edition) (AW. Men.)

አፈወርት 1ብረየሱስ ፡ ልብ ወስድ ታሪክ ፡ ኢል ፓሊማራፊኮ ፡ አስመራ ፭፱፻፶፰ (reprint of the 1919 Rome edition) (Af. Rom.)

ክፍስ ጊዮርጊስና ኪዳን ወልድ ከፍሌ ፡ መጽሓፈ ሰዋስው ወጣለ ወመዝንበ ቃላት ሓዲስ ፡ አርቲስቲክ ማተሚያ ቤት ፡ አዲስ አበባ ፩፱፻፵፰ (KWK)

ዮሐኒስ ንብረ አግዚአብሔር (አባ) ፣ መዝንበ ቃላት ትግርኛ አም ሐርኛ ፣ ቤተ ማንተም አርቲ ግራፊክ ኤራትርያ ፣ አስመራ ፩፱፻፵፰-፵፱ (TA)

ደስታ ተከሰ ወልድ ፣ አዲስ ያማርኛ መዝገበ ቃላት ፣ አርቲስቲክ ማተሚያ ቤት ፣ አዲስ አበባ ፲፱፻፷፱ (AYMO)

ዳኛችው ወርቁ ፣ አደፍርስ ፡ ንግድ ማተሚያ ቤት ፣ አዲስ አበባ <u>፩፱፻</u>፷፪

ማርማቸው ወልደ ሐዋርያት ፡ አርአያ ፣ አርቲስቲክ ማተሚያ ቤት አዲስ አበባ ፩፱፻፵፯ (፪ኛ አትም)

<u>ንድስ ተክለ ሃይማኖት ፣ ትንሣኤ ዘጉባኤ ፣ አዲስ አበባ ፩፱፻፵፮</u>

THE AMHARIC ALPHABET*

ä		и		i		а		e		д		О	
υ	ha	v	hu	Z.	hi	7	ha	У.	he	IJ	hə, h	v	ho
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ሐ	ha	ሑ	hu	ф.	hi	ሐ	ha	ሔ	he	ሕ	hə	ψ	ho
Ø₽	mä	an-	ти	øĄ,	mi	ማ	ma	ag.	me	90	mə	40	mo
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ረ.	r ä	4	ru	ı	ri	Ŀ	ra	6	re	G	rə	C	ro
ስ	sä	ሱ	su	Λ.	si	ሳ	sa	ሴ	se	λ	sə	Λ	50
ส	šä	ሸ-	šu	ሽ,	ši	η	ša	ጜ	še	ሽ	šə	ሸ	šo
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7	čä	Ŧ	ču	Ŧ	či	笋	ča	苍	če	ች	čə	¥	čo
ጎ	ha	ተ	hu	1.	hi	2	ha	1	he	ኅ	hə	ď	ho
5	nä	*	nu	ኒ	ni	ና	na	*	ne	3	nə	ኖ	no
ኝ	ňä	7.	ňи	ኚ	ňi	芥	ňa	ፔ	ňe	3	ňә	4	ňo
እ	а	ኡ	и	ኢ	i	À	a	ኤ	e	አ	ә	አ	0
<u>h</u>	kä	ኩ	ku	h.	ki	ክ	ka	h.	ke	ħ	kə	ի	ko
ħ	hä	ĩr Tr	hu	'n.	hi	ኻ	ha	Ti.	he	ሽ	hə	'n	ho
Ø	wä	Ф,	wu	ዊ	wi	P	wa	P	we	æ.	wə	<i>P</i>	wo
0	a	ው	и	વ	i	4	а	4	e	Ò	э	P	0
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e	ğä	军.	ğи	Ą.	ği	Ŗ	ğа	6	ğe	产	ğә	Æ	ğο
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θ	şä	Ð	șu	9.	<u>si</u>	9	șa	9.	se	ð	ŞЭ	9	șo
å.	fä –	4.	fu	ß,	fi	4.	fa	ፌ	fe	ና ፡	fə	ፎ	fo
T	рä	.k	pu	ፒ	pi	7	pa	ፔ	pe	ፕ	рэ	7	po

LABIOVELARS

k	q ^w ä	ቀ-	q^{w_i}	ቋ	q"a	.\$	$q^w e$	ф <	$q^w \vartheta$
70	h ^w ä	ή.	$h^w i$	*	h ^w a	2	$h^w e$	*	$h^w \partial$
þ	$k^w \overline{\ddot{a}}$	ኩ	$k^w i$	አ	$k^w a$	þ.	k ^w e	ΙŤ	k ^w ə
7-	g ^w ä	ጒ	gwi	3	g ^w a	3	$g^w e$	7	$g^{w}a$

^{*} Reprinted from Wolf Leslau, Amharic Textbook

U, A, 7

- b ha from, at, on, var. of ħ (usage of Dămbəya, Gojjam, Shoa [Ar.])
 - (ሀወሃይቱ ፡ ሰራርን we camped by the little stream)
- b h ha alä to learn the sounds represented by the symbols of the Ethiopic syllabary; to whinny, bray (donkey, mule)
 - U: 9.8 ha bay braying donkey
- U hu or ኍ hwo 1st pers. sg. subject marker, var. of h -ku. Only hu occurs when the perfect ends in a geminated consonant, e.g. ሰጥሁ säṭṭähu, በሳሁ bällahu, ሰስቸሁ säṭāččähu
- ひ: hA bu alä to ery out, to bark at length
- ሂ ፡ አለ hi alä to whinny, neigh (horse)
 (ሂ ፡ ሂ ፡ ሂ ፡ ሂ ፡ አትበሉ don't whinny)
- **7** ha twenty (Shoan variant of haya)
- ሓ ፡ አለ ha alä to bray (Ar.)
- -V -əh marker for the 2nd masc. sg. subject, c.g. กักกับ lähhäsəh, 'you got dressed', かかい mäṭṭah 'you came' 2nd masc. sg. object, e.g. กักบับ säṭṭähuh 'I gave you' and 2nd masc. sg. possessive suffix, かなみない mäṣhafəh 'your book'
- v: hh ho alä to shout (in triumph), give the victory cry in a gänna-hockey game, to shout (in order to coordinate work being done by a crew)
 v ho cry, shout uttered by men singing or shouting in triumph
 - U: ηβ ho hay one who shouts as above, who hails s.o.
 - **U** → **hota** cheering of the winners in a gännahockey or soccer game
 - トレナ ahota to score a goal (in gänna-hockey) 可じチ mahoča goal
 - (可ザチ: O チ goal)

- ሀሀ ፡ አለ haha alä to whinny, bray (donkey, mule); to laugh, go 'ha! ha!'
 - $\boldsymbol{v}:\boldsymbol{v}:\boldsymbol{v}$ ha ha ha (donkey's bray)
- uu: ha hahu alä to learn the alphabet, begin the study of the Ethiopic syllabary, fig. to start, begin s.th., e.g. a process of making s.th.
- **UV.** hahi exclamation (of jest or of a threat, depending on the tone)
- UV habe or YV habi exclamation of grief or sorrow
- ሁሁ ፣ አለ huhu alä to bray
 - ሁሁታ huhuta cry of woe or alarm (see ኡኡ ፡ አለ)
- 88 hehe exclamation of contempt or of a threat, roughly: oho!
 - (ልትቀብን ፡ ነው ፡ መሰስህ ፡ ሂሂ oho! do you think you will get away with some mischief?)
- uu: ha haha alä to make a sound to indicate to the person who is talking to one that he is being listened to, roughly: hmm!, so!; to utter cries of sorrow or grief; to whinny (horse)
- UV hohe syllabary symbol, letter, speech sound; phoneme
- ሆኑ እስ hoho alä to cry ho, ho! in order to make swarming bees settle, to accompany a song with shouts of ho, ho! during celebrations of Qaddus yohannas (New Year's Day) or Mäsqäl (Feast of the Invention of the Cross); to be surprised ሆሆ hoho exclamation of wonder, amazement; cry uttered to get swarming bees to settle; cry to urge on oxen
 - U'U': A.B. hoho bay person of little importance, of small account
 - ザザク hohota clamor (of a market), uproar (in an assembly due to a disagreement)
- শান bohat blank space between letters (Geez hohat 'gate')
 - **ተጎተ** ፣ ምሥራቅ Levant, place where the sun rises
 - イカナ: 化子 entrance, doorway, entry, passage into the interior of s.th., means of seeing inside s.th.
 - TIFT hohayat in TIFT: LEA blank spaces between letters (pl. of hohat above)
- ሃህን hahən priest, var. of ካህን kahən (Supp.)

ザネ芩 hoh*aň (see *リの)

ピザル bohoy exclamation of anger

nh halo hello, utterance used when initiating speech on the telephone Eng.

Un hallo a kind of acacia

bh hullu every, all (of a thing), everybody

(ሁሉን ፡ አምጣው bring all of it)

(ሁሳችን all of us)

(ሁሉን : ለትያ ፡ ኢትበል don't be selfish, lit. don't say, everything is for me!)

ሁሌ hufle always, all the time

ሁሉ። ስው or ሰው። ሁሉ everybody, everyone

ሁሉ ፡ ቀን or ሁልቀን hulləqan daily, every day

ሁሉ ፡ በሁሉ completely, in its entirety

ሁሉ ፡ በሙሉ all, everyone, indeterminate number

Un: (1.4 sponger, cadger; person or animal which has no home

ሁሉ ፡ ባፌ voracious, one who cats whatever food he can lay hands on

ሁሉ ፡ ንንር everything

ሁሉ ፡ አንሮሽ hullu agärəš one who adapts readily to new situations

ሁለዜ hulläzze always, everytime, perpetually, all the time

ሁሉ?ብ hullugähb or ሁለ?ብ hullägäbb one who concerns himself with the affairs of others, meddler, intriguer; multifaceted, comprehensive, versatile

(ንዳጅ ፡ ሁለንብና ፡ መሰረታዊ ፡ ቁላቁለ ፡ ንው fuel is a multifaceted and basic material)

(ሁለ ፡ ንብ ፡ የሆን versatile [person])

ሁል?ብ hullagäb comprehensive; a plant resembling mint which is eaten cooked as a remedy for mačč (a sudden and violent illness - sec መታ), ground creeper, also አሁል ፡ ንብ ahullagäbh

የሁልገብ ፣ የኅብሬት ፣ ሥራ ፣ ማኅበር cooperative association

እሁልንብ əhulləgäbb = ሁልንብ

ከሁል ፡ ንብ one who has sufficient knowledge to be conversant on many subjects

ひみれた hulgize, **ひ**んガネ hulläzge or **ひ**へってれ hulläg(a)ze = hulläzze

ሁሉም hulium all of them, everything, everyone

(ሁሉም ፡ ሲጫር ፣ ማንባር everything for the war front!)

(ሁሉም ፡ እሱ they are all present, available, at hand)

(ሁሉም ፡ ሁኖ nevertheless, despite all that)

(ሁሉም ፡ ቦታ everywhere)

(ሁሉም ፡ እሺ not choosy)

ለሁሉም lähullumm in any case

(ሰሁሉም ፡ ነገር in any case)

ሁሳውት hullahullu everything; all sorts of things [brought together]

በውሳውሱ bähullahullu completely, altogether, entirely (obs.)

ዓለም ፡ ሁሉ everybody

እንድ ፡ ሀ-ስ everyone, whomsoever

\(\lambda\)78. and\(\alpha\) + infinitive + \(\begin{aligned}
\text{the hullu} = \text{inastend of} \)
much as, just like, just as; instead of

(ምሳውን: እንደመብላት: ሁሉ: መሙን: ዋለ instead of eating his lunch, he stayed hungry all day)

([proverb] እንዲሉ ፡ ሁሉ as they say [proverb]) ከሁሉ ፡ በሳይ above all, more than anything

ከሁሉ(ም) ፡ በሳይ kähullum(m) bålay above all, over all, more importantly

ከሁሉ ፡ በፊት kähullu bäfit first of all, to begin with, at once, right away

PUR common, universal, everybody's

ፍጥረት ፡ ሁሉ all creation

บาคอร hullämäna + suffixed possessive pronouns:

ሁሉሙናው his entire body, all his hody, every aspect of his behavior; all over his body [adv.] (ሁሉሙናውን ፡ ያመዋል he aches all over)

ሁለመናዋ her entire body, etc.

ひろう hullänta universe (neol.)

ひんうクモ hulläntawi universal (neol.)

ひろテ holläntäna or ひんううち hulläntanna total, sum (Ar.); = hullämäna

ሁለዬ hulläye always, all the time, var. of ሁሌ hulle

ሁሳ hulla everyone, every spot, var. of ሁሉ hullu (ውስጣዊ ፡ ደስታ ፡ ካሳብ ፡ አየፈሳ ፡ ይሞሳዋል ፡ አሱው ፡ በጉደለው ፡ ኾላ internal joy arising from thought, will fill him wherever it is lacking)

ひつ: ひろ bulla bulla all the affairs (EAR)

ሃሌ halle hallelujah

(Yh: how t: Yh refrain of a song sung by old women in the olden days)

ሃሌ ፡ ሱያ hatle luya hallelujah

ሃሴታ hafleta act of singing or chanting hallelu-

jah; section of the zema-hymn in which hallelujah is sung

ሃሌታው ፡ U the ha used in spelling halleta (to distinguish it from the homophone letters A and ጎ)

ሄላ hela cistern, deep well, var. of ዔላ

un hala in 00 : un Inula confertiflora, possibly Kalanchoë sp.

the hola dark grey (sheep's coat), light brown
 (sheep's coat) (Orom. hoolaa 'sheep')

34 b"ala behind, in the back, later, later on, afterwards; exclamation of a threatening nature, approx. 'I warn you!'

(አትጠኒኝ ፡ አላ don't come any closer, I warn you!)

(አለ ፡ ስንት ፡ ዲወኔ ፡ አለና well then, how many Siwanes are there?)

(ኋላ ፡ እንይተረዳሁት as I found out later)

አላን ፡ ሆን to pull back, withdraw, to go back, walk backwards

ኋላ ፡ ኋላ ፡ አለ hwala bwala alä to lag behind

ኋላ ፡ ዞር ፡ አለ to turn to the rear, turn around

ኋላ : ኋላው ን b"ala h"älawn directly behind, right in back of [with verbs of motion]

ኋላስ b"alass and afterwards?

AA: **ΦC** backward, underdeveloped (economically)

ስኋላው for the future, for later (on)

እ... ኋላ behind, in the back of, after

h ... 34 behind, in the back of, after

በኋላ bäb "ala later, later on, afterwards, then (after that); behind, at the back

(በኋላ ፡ ስሙ by his/its later name)

n...nah behind, later than, after (of place or time)

(ナラナ: のA4 behind you, after you [ナ tä- is an allomorph of h kä-])

(ከዚህ ፣ በኋላ after this, after that)

h kä + perfect + bäh wala after [conjunction]

በበተኋላ bästäh"ala behind, from behind, from the back, after

(በስተኋላ ፡ መጥቶ ፡ በጠበጠ he disturbed [everyone] by coming late)

ከኋላ käh"ala behind

(ከኋላ ፣ በኩል in the rear, at the rear)

ከኋላ ፡ ኋላ to the rear, behind

(カスム : スム : アナルタイトトラ : A メデギか her [pol. pl.] children [accusative] who were scat-

tered to the rear . . .)

ውደኋላ wädäh wata backward, backwards, towards the back; behind, in the back

ውደኋላ ፡ ሂድ go toward the back/rear; back up! [to s.o. driving a vehicle]

ወያ.ኋላ ፣ መጣ to come later

መደኋላ ፡ ቀረ to remain or lag behind, to be late, to be backward

ውደኋላ : ተመለሰ to give up: to turn about (around), to go back

ወደኋላ ፡ ዞሬ to turn around

ወደኋላ ፡ ተደገፈ to lean back

ወደ:ኋላ ፡ አስቀመጠ to put [s.th.] in the back

ውደኋላ ፡ አደረገ to put or set [s.th.] aside, to put [s.th.] behind

መደኋላ ፡ አለ wädäh wala alä to withdraw, draw back, to hold back; to delay, be late; to fail to keep one's word

(ለሰርጉ ፡ ንንዘብ ፡ ሊያወጡ ፡ ወደኋላ ፡ አላሎም they didn't hold back on spending money for the wedding)

(ግዶ ታውን ፡ ለመፈጸም ፡ ወደኋላ ፡ አይልም he is unfaltering in the performance of his duty)

(h)74: ØR: Ah he changed his mind, he did not keep his word)

σε : ኋላ : የማይል wädäh^wala yämmayəl resolute

ወደ : ኋላ : ጊዜ later

ከ . . . ወደኋላ or ከወደኋላ from behind

(hosaa : hos he attacked from the rear, from behind)

የኋላ yäh "ala behind, back, rear

የኋላ ፡ ሂደ to walk backwards, to back up

PAA: AA in the long run, sooner or later, finally, ultimately

(የኋላ ፡ ኋላ ፡ ጥርቧን ፡ ነክባ ፡ ወኔዋን ፡ ሁሉ ፡ ስብስባ ፡ የለም ፡ ትሂድ ፡ አለች finally she steeled herself, mustered up her courage and said, 'No, let her go!')

የኋላ ፣ የኋላ = የኋላ ፣ ኋላ

የኋላው ፡ ማርሽ reverse (gear)

የኋላ ፡ በር back door

FAA. P yäh walit [adv.], backward, in the back, on the back

የኋሊት ፡ ሽሽ to walk backwards, to back, back out (Ar.)

የኋሲት ፡ ተራመደ to walk backwards

የኋሊት ፡ አለ to be incomplete, short [of the goal, of completion]

የአሊት ፣ አበረ to tie the hands behind the back

የኋሊት ፡ ውዶ to fall flat on one's back, fall over backwards

マネルト: 777 to become famous eventually スルマ h"aläňňa last (of place and time), latter, posterior; one who is in the rear or is behind, one who arrives by following another

(**ኋ**ሰኛው ፡ ሰው the last person)

የአለኛ yäh alänna posterior, latter, rear; follower, one who walks behind another

(የኋለኞች ፡ የፊተኞች ፡ ይሆናሉ the last shall be first [Bibl.])

አልዮሽ h"alayoš in የኋልዮሽ ፣ እንቅስቃሴ retrograde motion

ሐልሐል halhal spurting or squirting of blood (person or animal that has been stabbed); the shooting up of flame(s)

ሐልሐልታ halhalta spurting or pouring out of blood

Unn hallälä to utter cries of joy or jubilation Ar. hallala

*ሐሰስ - ተሐሰስ tähallälä to become light (dark place), to brighten up (face), to beam (expression due to joy) Ar. tahallala

ሐሰሰ hallälä to be good (licit) [Ar. hallala]; to dry out, become dry (damp place)
ሐሳል halal good (licit) Ar. halāl

YAA halele cry for starting the gugs polo game (Orom.)

บกล həläl full moon Ar. hilal

ሃሌ ፡ ሉያ halle luya hallelujah (see ሃሌ)

ሐሰሙ hallämä to dream, have a dream (see also አለሙ)

ሐሳሚ halami one who dreams, has a dream ሕልም halm dream, fancy

ሕልሙ ፣ ሌሊት dream (as opposed to a vision or an apparition)

ሕልመ ፡ ዮሴፍ the dream Joseph interpreted for Pharaoh; charm or incantation used by sorcerers for inducing dreams

ሕልማም həlmam one who dreams every night ሕልመኝ həlmänna = həlmam

ሐሊም halim in ቍርቡታ ፡ ሐሊም amber bead (see ቍርብት)

ሕልምልም ፣ አለ halaman alä to disappear, vanish (see also አልም ፣ አለ)

ascendant from 26 Tahsas to 26 Müggabit, i.e. during the dry season; one of the four planets (ABMQ)

ሁሉምናው hullämänaw all over his body (see ሁሉ)

ሐሰኛ halläso a dish made of many ingredients mixed together

ሐሰቀ haliaqa to create [Arabic loanword used by Muslims instead of faṭṭara | Ar. kalaqa
ሐሲት haliq the Creator, God [Muslim usage only] Ar. kaliq

*ሐሰቀ - ሙሐሰቅ mähalläq or ሙሐልቅ mähalläq small coin(s), small change, piaster (obs.); a unit of measure for precious metals

ሕልቅ halq connective tissue in the chin or the chest

ጉልቍ h"alq"a number (Geez only); Bible verse ጉልቁ : መጣፍርት ፡ የልሰው innumerable, countless, immeasurable, lit. which has neither number nor measure

ኍልቌ ፡ መጻሕፍትbooks of church and school

ጎልቀት halqät destruction (see አለቀ)
ዕፅ፡ ሕልቀት aṣā halqät Plantago lanceolata
ጎልቀተ ፡ ዓለም end of the world

ገልቅት həlləqt = həlgät

ሐሊብ halib in ዕፀ ፡ ሐሊብ əṣā halib any plant having a milky sap, e.g. ficus, euphorbia, esp. Euphorbia tirucalli, (see also አለበ)

ሐሎብ haloh sour cheese (Geez)

ሕልብት həlbät Lenten or fasting dish made of barley, pepper, hulled beans and nug-oil (see አልበት)

ሁለት hulätt two g

ሁለት : ሆነ to break [vi] up, separate into two
ሁሉት : አደረገ to cut, divide or separate [vt] into

ሁለት + suffixed possessive pronoun expresses two of ..., both of ...:

ሁለታችን both of us

ሁለት ፣ ሁለት by twos

ሁለቴ hulätte twice, two times

ሁለቶ hulätto twin, doubled

ሁለቱም hulättum both

ሁለት : ልብ hulätt lahh of two minds (undecided); duplicity, cunning

ሁለት ፡ ምሳስ hulätt məlas one who mixes truth with falsehood

ሁለት : ሥሪ hulätt säri the Chalcedonian doctrine that the actions of the Word and the flesh are separate

ሁለት ፡ ሰዓት eight o'clock (because traditional Ethiopian time reckoning begins each 24-hour period at 1800 hours [night] followed by the daytime 12-hour period at 0600)

ሁለት ፣ ባሕርይ hulätt hahray the doctrine that Jesus Christ had two separate natures, Divine and human

ሁለት ፣ አፍ double-barrelled [gun]

ሁለተግዜ hulättägze twice (Ar.)

ለሁለት together

(ለሁለት ፣ ቀና ፣ አደርገነውም and together we lifted him up . . .)

በሁለት hähulätt ወር ፣ በንባ ፣ በሁለት ፣ ወለዶች she gave birth on the second day of the (new) month

በሁለት ፣ በሁለት in pairs, two by two

ባለውለት having two (of s.th., e.g. ባለውለት: ምተር bimotored, twin-engine); one whose turn it is to give the sodality [mahəbär] banquet two months later

አንድ ፡ ሁለት a couple of [dollars]

አንድ ፡ ሁለት ፡ ያህል a few, several (see አክለ) (አንድና ፣ ሁለት in ጠቃሚንቱ ፣ አንድና ፣ ሁለት ፣ PAPP there is no doubt that it is useful, its usefulness is beyond dispute)

ከሁለት ፣ ላይ in two places

(ከሁለት ፡ ላይ ፡ ቆስሏል he was wounded in two

ከሁለቱ : እንዱ one or the other; dilemma

ሁለትነት hulättənnät state or condition of being two

ሁለተኛ hulättäåňa second (in order of precedence), secondly, another time, again; younger (sibling)

(ሁለተኛ : መጣ he came in second, he was second [in grades, in rank])

ሁለተኛው ፡ ዓለም the Next World

ሁለተኛ ፣ ደረጃ ፣ ትምሀርት ፣ ቤት high school የሁለተኛነት yähulättäňňannät second (prize), referring to being second

ሁለትያ hulättəyya second child born after the death of the first child; double relationship, e.g. if the uncle of ego is married to ego's father's sister, their child is hulättəyya to ego; twin ሁለትዮ hulättəyyo donble, double-layered ənğära-bread made by pouring batter on a fresh ənğära and baking it again; game having two

ሁለትዮሽ hulättəyyoš double; game having two players; double thread; pair of oxen

ሆስተ holiätä to be double, make double ナックト tähollätä to be double, doubled or twin ሁልት hullet twin, double

ሃሌታ halleta chanting hallelujah (see ሃሌ)

ኅሉት hallät staff, rod (Gecz) ኅለተ ፡ ወርቅ scepter

プルナ holäta or サルナ holota Holeta 0904N 3830E (now officially known as Gännät [Genet])

ሐልቲት haltit a plant, var. of አልቱት altet

ንሊና halling or ኅሌና halleng [rare] conscience, mind, reason, intelligence; thought, idea (Ar.) ንሲናውን ፡ ስቀለ to be lost in admiration, be in a reverie

ጎሊናውን ፣ ሳተ to lose consciousness

ጎሊና ፡ ቢስ one who harbors ill thoughts; one who lacks conscience or compassion

ኅሊና ፣ ቢስንት hallina hisənnät state or condition of lacking conscience or compassion

ጎሊና : ጠቢብ narrow-minded, mean-spirited የኅሊና : ጸሎት prayer said under one's breath, silent prayer

ርትዕተ ፡ ሕሊና rata ata hallina good-hearted, noright

ሰቂለ ፡ ኅሊና lost in thought, rapt, absentminded; mind fixed on spiritual matters

ባለ ፣ ጎሊና conscientious

በሊጎ ፡ ኅሊና keen of intellect, good student or learner

ንቃተ ፡ ኅሊና nagata hallina (political) consciousness

ዓይነ ፣ ኅሊና imagination

እግረ ፡ ኅሊና journey made in one's imagination ውስጠ ፡ ጎሊና wustä həllina subconscious

ግዕዜ ፡ ኅሊና state of the mind (in which good or

bad thoughts are conceived, means for expressing those thoughts)

ሕሊናት ballingt concepts

(የግዕዝ ፡ መልክ ፡ ያላቸው ፡ ቃላትና ፡ ሐረጎች ፡ ከማኖぞውም ፡ ኂዜ ፡ ይሰልጥ ፡ ለአዳዲስ ፡ ሕሊናት ፡ (ፅንሰ : ሐሳቦች) : መግለጫነት : የሚያበፈልጉን : ይመስላል it seems that more than ever before we need words and phrases having a Geez appearance to express new concepts)

かる3. hullänta universe (ncol.) (see かな)

ሕልክኛ həlləkäňňa stubborn (see እልክኛ)

ሂሊኮፕተር helicoptär helicopter

ሐሰዋ haläwa sweets, candy Ar. halwa

uapple hallowe living a long time, manner of existing a long time; place where one lives (Geez)

une hallawe essence, nature, state of being or existing (Geez)

ኅብረተ ፡ ሀላዊ unity of being, e.g. a tree which consists of roots, trunk, leaves, flowers, fruit and taste (KBT)

ยลต hallow existing eternally (God) (Geez)

ሀልውና hollowonna being (the fact of being, existing), existence, nature

U-AtL hulläzze always (see U-A-)

ሁለዝጌ hulläzge always (see ሁሉ)

ጎስየ halläyä to think, cogitate (Geez only)

ገልዮ halloyo theory; mind

ጎልዮ ፣ መንብርት care, thought of life (cf. Luke 8:14)

ጸሎተ። ጎልዮ silent prayer

1A? holova reasoning

ሐ**ሰየ haläyä** to sing (Geez only)

ሐሲይት haläyt in ሐሲይተ ፡ ብርት singers fashioned of metal (from the Zena ∃skändär or Story of Alexander); radio or gramophone (obs. neol.)

ማሕሌት mahalet sacred song, hymn

ማሕሉተ ፡ 1ም በ mahəletä gämho extemporized bawdy songs sung to church hymns by traditional church students

ማሕሉተ ፡ ጽጌ mahaletä sagge Canticle of the Flower, verse hymn composed in honor of the Virgin

ቅኔ: ማሕሴት the western part of the outer corridor of a traditional Ethiopian church, lit. place where hymns are sung

ድርንታተ፣ ማሕጹት dargätatä mahalet organizing the various musical instruments so they will provide a harmonious piece of music ሙሐልያ ፡ ሙሐልይ mähaləyä mähaləy the Song of Songs or the Song of Solomon

ሐልንዝ halgäz blood vessel (Gccz)

ሀሰፌ halläfä¹ to pass, pass away (see አስፌ)

υλλ: Λ^o78 halläfä sämayu lit. his heaven has passed away – a reference to the Ethiopian alphabet which begins with υ and ends with Δ. (Supp.)

UAL halafi one who passes, thing which passes away, transient, transitory, ephemeral

ሀሳሌ ፣ አግዳሚ passerby

ሀሳፊ ፡ ጊዜ past [п.], past tense

UALS + halafiyat mortals; transitory states or conditions

ሀልፌት halfat act of passing, passing away (በሀልፌት ፡ የተሰናበቱት who departed this life) ሀልፌተ ፡ ዓለም end of the world

ኀለሌ halläfä^{II} (see አለፊ.)

ጎሳፉ halafi one who is in charge of s.th., responsible (for an enterprise, a group, an installation, etc.), curator, head (of a firm), keeper (ጎሳፌ ፡ ሆነ to account for)

ጎላፊንት halafinnät responsibility, charge (responsibility)

ሐሲፋ halifa Caliph Ar. kalīfa

ጎላፍ hol(l)af left margin (of a page or book); partial parchment (page) (see አስፌ)

ንልፌት halfat act of passing (see ኀለፌ, አለፌ)

க்கு hamu father-in-law (Gecz)

ጎሚ. hami five (in counting the strokes while batting a ball – sec ቀባርዋ)

ሐማ hamma to slander (see አማ)

ሃም hamm bite, chewing (see υምሀም : አለ)

ሐም hamm red glass beads which used to be worn around the neck (Gondare usage); flat, white glass beads worn as above; red color for cloth (AMQ)

ሐም ፡ ቀይ dark yellow beads (Gondare usage)

க்கூ ham tree with whitish bark (AYMQ)

U'' homa a kind of tree

IP ** hom(m)a eve of the wedding when the bride leaves off wearing the mir-belt worn only by unmarried girls (Gojjam usage); steep cliff or rock slide

പ്രാപ്രം hamham gourd

- ህም ህም ፡ አለ hamma hamm alä to cat hastily; to be heard (sound of many people eating)

 ປም ፡ ህም ham ham sound made by many people eating
- **UPUP:** An hamhamm alä to mutter, mumble, grumble, murmur disapprovingly, e.g. human beings, baboons; to coo (doves); to jerk the head about convulsively while making noises in the throat (person possessed by a zar-spirit), to make a grinding noise (grain being ground), to draw in the breath and hold it (singer); to crunch with the teeth
 - บรายราว həmhəmta murmur, muttering, grumbling, rumble, rumbling noise; cooing
- ሐመስ hammälä^T to gather, collect leaves ሐምል hamal, pl. እሕማል ahmal various kinds of leaves, edible leaves; edible plant(s), vegetables
- ሐመስ hammälä^{II} to carry a burden, e.g. porter Ar. *ḥamala*
 - ሐመል hamäl porter; Aries (also written አል-ሐመል) (see የቦርጅ)
 - ሐማል hammal porter Ar. hammāl
- ሐሚል hamil heavy beam (used in Harari house construction) cf. Ar. ḥammāla
- ሐምሴ hamle a kind of plant with whitish leaves (ABMQ); plant (Gccz only)
- ሐምሌ hamle Hamle, 11th Ethiopian month (8 Jul.-6 Aug.) (beginning of the Ethiopian fiscal year)
- hamälmal green, verdant (Geez); pers. n.
 - ሐመልማለ። ውርቅ hamälmalä wärq pers. n. ዕፀ ፡ ሐመልማል əṣä hamälmal a plant (Eudea schimperi)
 - ሐመልሚል hamälmil green, verdant (Gecz only); spotted, striped, multicolored (KBT) ዕፀ ፡ ሐመልሚል eṣā hamälmil any evergreen plant, (csp. Eudea schimperi) (also ዕፀ ፡ ሐመ-ልማል əsä hamälmal)
- ሐሜላት hamelat headcloth (Geez)
- ሕመም həmäm illness, sickness, disease, ailment,

ache, pain (see አውሙ) የሕመም ፡ ፌቃድ sick leave ሕመም homum sick person, patient (medical), pl. ሕመማጎ homuman ሕመምተኛ homamtänna sick, ill, patient

- ሕማም həmam pain, suffering (Geez)
- ሕግግት həmamat (pl. of Geez ሕግም həmam) Passion Week, ending on Holy Saturday
- ሐመር hamär ark; basic number (Geez)
 ሐመር : A the ha used in spelling hamär (to distinguish it from the homophone u and ነ)
 ሐመረ : ኖን Noah's Ark

ከርም ፡ ሉምር kärsä hamär altar on which the tabot is placed; ship's hold (Geez)

- ሐመር ነ ዘራፍ hamär zärraf warrior who captured a reddish bay horse in combat (obs.)
 ሐመር ፡ ፌሬስ reddish bay horse
- ሐምራ hamra bay (horse) Ar. hamra

 ሐምራዊ hamrawi pink, purple; clear red color;
 bay (horse); a kind of cloth

 ሐምራይ hamray = hamrawi Ar. hamrayy
- ጎምር hamr henna (see also ሒና ፤ እንሶለላ)
- ሆ ው ር. homär or ሀ ሞ C hamor tamarind (Tamarindus indica)
- ሐሜር homer asphalt, pitch
- ንሙስ hamus Thursday (see also አሙስ)
 [አንድ] ፡ ጎሙስ ፡ የቀረው on its last legs
 ጎሙስ ፡ ዘቀ ርባን hamus zäg*ərhan Maundy
 Thursday

ጎሙስ ፡ ባቢያ hamus gähäya the name of several towns in Shoa and Gojjam

ቅዱስ ፣ ጎምስ Maundy Thursday

አዲጋ: ጎሙስ ədaga hamus ldaga Hamus, town in Tigre 1411 N 3934E (Tňa. Thursday market) ዕብድ ፡ ጎሙስ əhd hamus The Thursday after the Fast of Ninevell, i.e. one and one-half weeks before Lent

ጸሎተ ፡ ጎሙ በ Jesus' prayer at the Last Supper; Maundy Thursday

- ኀምሳ hamsa fifty (see also አምሳ, አምስት) የኀምሳ ፡ አለቃ sergeant መጋቢ ፡ የጎምሳ ፡ አሊቃ quartermaster sgt.
- ኃምስ hames fifth order of the Ethiopic syllabary

which indicates the vowel e

- ጎምስት hammest five, archaic for አምስት
- ሐማሴን hamasen Hamasien, a province of Eritrea in northern Ethiopia the capital of which is Asmara
 - ሐማሴኖች hamasenočč people of Hamasien, euphemism for Eritrean soldiers serving the Italians 1935-41
- ሐመሽከ hamäššäkä to triturate, to mince, to break into small pieces by rubbing (see አመሽከ under አ)
- 8° 9° 0 homba bird which has reddish yellow plumage, red eyes and possesses a flutelike call
- A 5°RA, hambäli Hanbali, member of the most conservative Muslim school of jurisprudence Ar. hanbali
- ሐምበል hambal leader of 50 or 100 soldiers (obs.); breastplate for a horse, ceremonial dress worn by a captain of troops (obs.) (see አምበል, ፕምበል)
- ሐምበላይ hambälay grey or white horse; kind of whirlwind (AYMQ) (see አምበላይ)
- ሐምበሻ hambäšša a flat, round bread popular in Tigre and Eritrea
- ሕምበጥ hombut all green fruit in a pod or hull, green ear separated from the stalk (see አምበጥ)
- ሐመተ hammätä to make gall, to put gall in meat; to smash [vt], pulverize, crumble up [vt] ሐምቶ hammato tripe prepared with gall [Tňa.] (see ሕመቶ)
- ሐሙ-ት hamut in-laws (Geez)
- ሐማት hamat father- or mother-in-law (see አማት)
- ሐሜት hamet slander, calumny (see አማ) ሐሜታም hametam one who spreads much slander, one who is the subject of slander ሐሜተኛ hametäňňa slanderer
- ሐሞት hamot gall, bile (see አሞት, ሐመተ)
 (ሐሞቱ ፡ ፌስስ his courage failed, he lost heart,
 courage)
 የሐሞት ፡ ፌኛ gall bladder
 ሐሞተ ፡ ቢስ lacking initiative, dull (person)

- ሐምታዊ hamotawi bitter (liquid), bitter-tasting (drink)
- ሕመት hamät ash from incense (see አመት)
- ሐምች ham(ma)č many glass beads (KBT)
- ሐሚና hamina singing beggar, minstrel (see also ዋጣ, ላሊበላ)
 - ሐሚናም haminam hamina-like, having hamina-beggars (district); chief of the hamina-beggars
- ሐሚናሚና haminamina song sung by children during Buhe
- ሕምዝ həmz poison (Geez)
 - óព : កម្ាា eşä həmz Acanthera schimperi
- ሐሚጅ hamiğ inability to express o.s.
- ሆመጠጠ homättätä to be sour, tart or acid, to turn sour, go sour (see also ከ-መጠጠ ፣ ከመደደ) አሆመጠጠ abomättätä to cause to turn sour አስሆመጠጠ ashomättätä to cause or allow to be or turn sour
 - ሆምጣጥ ፡ እስ homtätt alä to become sour ሆምጣጣ homtatta sour, acid, tart; vinegar; pickic (Ar.); fig. harsh of manner; one who does not readily succumb to any kind of trial ሆምጣጣንት homtattannät or ሆምጣጥንት homtattannät sourness, acidity
 - ሆምጣጤ homtatte vinegar
 - መሆም ጥጫ mähomtäča reason, time or place for turning sour
 - አሆማጠጥ ahh"omatät or አሆመጣጠጥ ahh"omätatät manner of being or turning, sour, etc.
- மீன்கெ homäččäčä = homättätä
 - አስሆመጨጨ ashomäččäčä to cause or allow to be or to turn sour (Ar.)
 - ሆምጫጫ homčačča or ሆምጫው homčač sour, acid
 - (**UPAA** the repeller, the brave or intrepid one)
 - ሆምጫማንት homčaččannät or ሆምጫጭንት homčaččannät sourness, acidity (Ar.)
 - አሆምጫዋ ahhomäčač or አሆምጫጨዋ ahhomäčačäč manner of being or turning sour, etc.
- ሐራ hara army, troop (Geez only)
 - ሐራ ፡ ሰማይ hara samay the angelic host; the celestial bodies; the 40 Martyrs drowned in the

sea by King Elphinius (see Synaxarion, 13 Mäggabit)

ሐራ ፡ ዘመን the twelve stars of the Zodiac, zodiac; the change from the old year to the new ዘመን ፡ ሐራ hard times

(ዛሬ ፣ በዚህ ፡ ዘመን ፡ ሐራ today, in these hard times . . .)

ሐራ hara in ሐራ ፡ ፕቃ heretic, schismatic Gk. airetixoi

க்டே harr silk Ar. harīr

ሐር: ማተብ cord of blue silk worn about the neck only by Ethiopian Christians as a sign of their religions affiliation

ባለ ፡ ሐር one who bas silk; silken (garment) (ባላ ፡ ሐር ፡ ነ ንንዴ silk merchant, silk-goods dealer) (obs.)

ንዶ : ሐር skein of silk

መስላ ፡ ሐር wax from which the impurities have been removed

የሐር silken

የሐር ፡ ትል silkworm

ሑር hurr free, being freed, manumitted Ar. hurr ሑር ፡ አወጣ to free, manumit

ተርንት hurronnät state or condition of being free, delivered from bondage, free state or condition

- **7C** haro valley subject to seasonal flooding (Stitz)
- AC her generous, magnanimous; name of a neume in the chant or church song Ar. kayr

 AC: AC gähər her name of the 6th Sunday
 (and following week) of Lent

ሖሬ horä to go (Geez only)

ሑጐ ፡ በሰላም huru bäsälam 'go in peace!' (benediction said at the end of Communion)

- ሉር ፣ አግራ horə agəre kind of shield (from the Ethiopian chronicle of Malak Säggäd [XVI century] apparently derived from Kambatta agira 'shield' (Supp.)
- bora mineral water; spring of brackish water frequented by animals for its salt content (Orom. hora)
- ሕር ፡ ሕር ፡ አለ harra harr alä to clear the throat, to make a rumbling noise or gurgle in the throat
- ሐሪም harrämä B to ban, declare illicit, forbid

s.th. Ar. harama

ሐራም haram forbidden, illicit, negative exclamation: no! Ar. harām

ሐራም ፡ አለ haram alä to refuse, declare one's opposition to s.th. or state that s.th. is unacceptable

ሕርመት hərmät prohibiting, declaring illicit ትሕርመት təhərmät abstinence, a kind of fast

- ሐርመላ harmäla (see ዕፅ : ሐርመላ əṣā harmäla, ዕፅ : ሐርማላ harmala or ሐረመላ harämäla Pelargonium multibracteatum)
- ሐራማት haramat district in Tigre, south of Agame, north of Geralta and adjoining Lake Assal
- ጎር መት harmäf leg of a letter, single stroke made in forming a letter, word set off by the double dots serving as word separators, e.g. : ሰው ፡ ነው ።
- ሕርመት hormat prohibiting (see *ሐረመ)
- ሐሪማያ harämaya lake near Harar 0924N 4201 E
- ሐሪር harär Harar, city in S.E. Ethiopia 0919N 4207E

ሐረርኛ harärəňňa person from Harar, the Harari language

ሐራርጌ harärge Hararge administrative region in S. E. Ethiopia of which Harar is the capital ሐራራዊ harärawi man from Harar, Harari

ሐሩር harur intense heat (of weather); charred wheat used for making black ink

(በቀን ፡ ሐሩር ፡ በሌሊት ፡ ቁር in the heat of day, in the cold of night..., i.e. in all kinds of weather)

ሐሪር harir silk, cotton Ar. harīr

ሐራራ harara craving for coffee or tobacco Ar. harāra

(ሐんん: ピドナム he has a craving [for coffee, etc.])

ሐረርን hararge administrative region (see ሐረር)

ሁራሪግስ. hurarägsi a kind of plant?

ሐራስ haris rhinoceros (Geez only)

ጎረዥ harāš(š)u crested bird of reddish plumage which eats insects (KBT)

ሐሪሽ haris bird of the hot lowlands which has

golden plumage, grey eyes and makes holes in trees [like a woodpecker]

あに夕A horgal Heraclius

ሰሙ ፡ ሕር.ታል Fast of Heraclius which is observed the week preceding Lent

ሐርቀም harqam grinding or gnashing the teeth

ሐርብ harb spear (Geez only)

በዓለ ፡ ሐርብ a kind of court official (obs.) ሐርብኛ harhäňňa warrior (see አርበኛ)

ሐርብ harh large skin bag for transporting water Ar. qirba

*ሐረብ - መሐረብ mäharäb handkerchief Ar. mahāram

ተረት hurät course (neol.) (see ሖሬ) (የሕይወቷ ፡ ሑሬት the course of her life . . .)

ሑሬት haret turbid, muddy water

ኋሩት hirut fem. pers. n., lit. chosen (from Geez ጎሬየ to choose)

ኅራት harit var. of 'ኢፋት

ሕራት harat dinner (Ludolf) (see ራት, እራት)

FCF horč a kind of plant (Erythrina tomentosa, Erythrina abyssinica)

ሐርነት harənnät freedom (see አርነት)

ሐርንት ፡ ስቀቀ to free, manumit

ሐርነት ፡ ሲደደ to free, manumit

ሐርነት ፡ ወጣ to be freed, manumitted

ሐርነት ፡ አወጣ to free, manumit

ሐርንት ፡ አንን to be freed, manumitted

ሐረንንዱ haräng ade green silk (see also አረን-ንዴ)

ሐራኛ harraňňa fastening like a rope which holds s.th. in place by being wrapped around it, chain of interconnected rings (see also ሐራኝ)

ሐራኝ harraň stubborn person (Gojjame usage); tenacious; one who does not let go, person one cannot get rid of; pl. one who loads a trader's goods on pack animals

ሐራው ያ harawya wild pig (Geez)

*ULP - XATULP astäharräyä to compare (Supp.)

ኅሩይ haruy masc. pers. n., lit. chosen (from Geez

ጎረየ to choose)

14.87 haruyan God's elect, c.g. prophets, righteous persons, martyrs (Geez pl. of 14.8)

ሑራይ hurray leavings, rubbish; person of small account (Gojjame usage)

ሕርድ hard saffron (Crocus sativus); turmeric (Curcuma longa) (see አርድ)

ሐራዊ harağ auction Ar. harāg

(በሕራጅ : ተሸጠ sold at auction)

ሐራጅ ፡ አለ harağ alä to auction off

ሐራጅ ፡ ሺያው harag šiyyač auction sale

A27 haräg or A27 aräg creeper, vinc. withe (used for binding), design of arabesque style formed of interwoven lines or bands; lineage, descendance (family tree); phrase, clause (gramm.); rhyme, hemistich between two verses rhyming together; fig. for slim or slender

(ወገባ ፡ ሐረግ ፡ የመስስ her waist was slender, she was slender-waisted)

ሐሪባ ፡ መዘዘ to reckon, tell off one's lineage [in claiming rast-land]

(ሐረባ ፡ መዞ ፡ መሬ፡ቱ ፡ እንደተና ፡ ይክፌላል he recounts his lineage and the land is redivided)

ሐረጉን ፡ ቁጠረ to reckon one's descent

ሐረግ ፡ ጣለ to draw haräg-designs, decorate with haräg-designs

ሐረግ ፡ መስተል ornate processional cross decorated with designs or complicated patterns of perforations

ሐረባ ፡ ሬሳ haräg resa or አረግሬሳ arägresa a vine which climbs trees (Melothria tomentosa or Zahneria scaler)

ሐረን : ውይን harägä wäyn grapcvine (Geez); fem. pers. n.

የሐረሻ ፡ አባብ yäaräg əbab snake which has a pattern of colors resembling an arabesque on its body

ቀንዶ ፡ አረግ qändo aräg a strong or tough vine በሐ ፡ አረግ boha aräg vine similar to Melothria tomentosa

ባለ: ሐረግ balä haräg, ባለረግ haläräg or ባለ: አረግ balä aräg baralle-carafe which has a design of vine leaves; person who has many family connections, relatives; book decorated with arabesques

ባለ ፡ ሐረግ ፡ ብርሌ balä haräg bərəlle bərəllecarafe which has a design of vine leaves

ንኡለ። ሐረግ na'us harag dependent clause

ዓቢይ : ሐረግ ahiyy harag main clause አዞ : አረግ azzo arag a climbing vine the leaves of which contain a powerful acid (Clematis hirsuta)

የቍራ ፡ አረባ yäq wara aräg a plant (Stephania abyssinica)

የትውልድ ፡ ሐረግ pedigree, line of descent የወይን ፡ አረግ yäwäyn aräg grapevine

me ் க். ர țăro harăg creeper-like vinc

ምራች ፡ ሐረግ tara' harag tall thick plant that splits into four pieces (KBT)

ሐሪያት harägat Geez pl. of haräg አሕራግ ahrag Geez pl. of haräg

* かんてんて - 入済人てんて ahrägärrägä to draw magic designs or pictures; to interlace, intertwine おこっとで horograg table for the computus or calendar computations for moveable feasts; interlaced or arabesque decorations; the climbing of vines

(ሕርግራግ ፡ ብርሌ baralle-carafe having a vine-leaf design)

ሕርንት har(ra)gof red soil; allotment of food provided s.o. on a regular basis

hと29 harägawi the name of the first of the 'Nine Roman Saints' who came to Ethiopia in the VI century (see also カム24)

Acm horrätä to be properly hot and salty (wätsauce)

አሕረm ahorrätä to make the wät-sauce properly hot (by adding bärbärre-pepper)

ሐራጥ horrat properly hot (wät-sauce) ሔርጥ ያለ hurrätt yalä properly hot

ትርምርም : አለ herečrečč alä to make a grinding or grating noise

ጎስ hesä to criticize (see * ጎየሰ)

ሕሥም həsäm ugliness?

704 hassärä to be humiliated, to go broke, become bankrupt, to depreciate Ar. kasara

ንሳር hasar tribulation, suffering (see also አሳር) (ትንግኤ ፡ ዘለንሳር the Resurrection, Judgment and descent into Hell of the damned)

ሐውር hasär chaff, peel, fish scales (Gcez)

ሐሰሰ hassäsä to dust, wipe clean, wipe off the dust (see አሰሰ)

ሐሰብ hassähä to think, cogitate (Geez only), (see አሰብ)

h44 hassab opinion, point of view, idea, notion, thought, concept; stand (position), mind (opinion); proposal, suggestion, motion (parliamentary); worry, concern; computus (see also \$440)

ሐሳብ ፡ አቀሪበ to move, make a motion (proposal), to suggest

त्रेन्त ः १७०६७- hassab yäwällädäw imaginary, fictional

ሐሳበ ፡ ቁራጥ hassabä q"ärrat determined, resolute

ሐሳብ : ቀና hassahä qänna straightforward

ሐሳብ ፣ ግትር hassabä gatter headstrong, bullheaded, willful, opinionated, intransigent

ሐሳብ ፡ ጽንታት hassabä şənunnät consistency (of stand, attitude, opinion)

ሰሐሳብ ፡ ናወዙ hähassah nawwäzä to daydream ከሐሳብ ፡ አሳረፌ kähassah asarräfä to put s.o.'s

mind at rest, free s.o. of worry or cares AAAR hassahawi idealist (neol.)

ሐሳባዊንት hassahawinnät idealism (neol.)

h.4.1 hisab arithmetic, mathematics, calculation, figure (number), bill (account), check (bill), account (accounting of funds expended), checking account, amount or rate (in figuring sums) Ar. hisāb

ሒሳብ ፡ ይሆነዋል he's good in math

ሒሳብ ፡ አደረን to calculate

ሒላብ ፡ አጣራ to check accounts

ሒላብ ፣ ክፌስ to pay a bill

ሒሳብ ፡ መርማሪ auditor

ሒሳብ ፣ ተቈጣጣሪ comptroller

ሔላብ ፡ ወዋቂ accountant; mathematician

ሒሳብ ፡ ያዥ bookkeeper

የሒሳብ ፡ መዝንብ accounts, account book(s)

(ዮሐ.ሳብ : መዝንብ : አያያዝ bookkeeping)

የሒሳብ : ክፍል accounts department

(የሒሳብ ፡ ክፍል ፡ ሹም chief of the accounts department)

የባንክ : ሒሳብ bank account

ሒላብተኛ hisahtäňňa accountant

ሐሰት hassät falschood, lie (see አሰት)

በሐሰት ፡ የመሰከረ perjuror

በሐሰት ፡ መመስከር perjury

የሐሰት fraudulent, fake [adj.], false

የሐሰት ፣ ሰም alias

የሐሰት : ንንዘብ counterfeit money

ሐስተኛ bassätänna liar, prevaricator, mendacious or untruthful person

ሐሜት haset joy (Geez)

(P465 hosa'əna Palm Sunday, palm tree, (Phoenix abyssinica, Phoenix reclinata); town in southern Shoa 0735N 3753 E กรถ เทาอริ Palm Sunday

лић hassäkä to become wormy (meat) (Tňa.)

*ሐሳው - ሐሳዊ hassawi in ሐሳዊ ፡ መሲሕ hassawi mäsih the Antichrist

ሐሲዳም has(s)idam a kind of crane (KBT)

ሐሰጓ hasagwa governor of Fatagar? (medieval title) Supp.)

ሆስፒታል hospital hospital ሆስፒታል ፡ ተኛ to be hospitalized, be in the hospital for treatment ሆስፒታል ፡ 70 to be hospitalized

ሐሽር haššär coffee bean hulls, low-grade coffee made from hulls Ar. qišr
ሐሽር ፡ ባሽር ፡ ዴሐፊ poor copyist, scribe (see

ሐሽር ፡ ባሽር ፡ ጸሑፌ poor copyist, scribe (see ኤሽር ፡ ባሽር)

ሐሽሽ hašäš or ሐሽሽ hašiš hashish Ar. hašiš

ሐሻሽ haš(š)aš spendthrift, profligate (KBT)

พ.กีคว hišban Hebrew month equivalent to Tagami

ተቅ hadd truth, fact; toil; payment or recompense for labor, bonus; measurement for cloth of approx. 3 cubits Ar. hadd

(ሐቁን : ተናንር tell [me] the truth)

ሐቀኛ haqqäňňa true, truthful, honest, person of integrity, just (righteous), straight (in business deals), square (business deal)

ሐቀኛነት haqqäňňannät honesty, fairness, integrity, probity, truthfulness

↑♠ huqqwa snuff-box, small container for perfume Ar. huqqa

ሕቅ ፡ አስ haqq alä to hiccup, to sob, to be in one's death throes, to give the last gasp (dying man), to die suddenly, drop dead

ሕቅ ፡ አለ(ው) hadd alä(w) to have the hiccups (ሕቅ ፡ ብትል even if you were breathing your last [I would not give it to you, tell you, etc.])
(ሕቅ ፡ ብዬ ፡ አምታለሁ ፡ አለ to refuse no matter

what)

(ሕቅ ፡ ብዬ ፡ ልንኝ ፡ አለ to try to be present) ሕቅ ፡ አስን haqq asäňňä to cause to strangle, to choke

ሕቅ : አሰሰን haqq assäňňä to cause s.o. to choke

ሕቅታ haqqata death rattle, death throes; hiccup, sob

ሕቅ ፡ ስርቅ ፡ አለ(ው) haqqa sarraqq alä(w) to have the hiccups

ሕቅ ፡ ስቅ ፡ አለ hagga sagg alä to hiccup, sob

ሖቅ hoqq giddyap!

ሐቅል haql wilderness (Geez)

ሐቃል haqqal guerrilla, robber ሐቃላዊ haqqalawi political rebel; robber, bandit

*ሐቀረ - አስተሐቀረ astäbaqqärä to deprecate, to belittle, hold up to scorn (KBT) (Gccz)

*ሐቀቀ - ተሐቀቀ tähaqqäqä to ascertain, verify (Suppl.) Ar. taḥaqqaqa (አልተሐቀቅυም I don't know for certain)

บๆ habba cape, var. of ทๆ

•• n habba term of endearment used by children
for their mothers or by a younger sister to an
older sister

ሁብ hubba tall bird which has a lot of eggs in its abdomen, a pointed beak and the wings of which stick out from its body

տ ብ տ Ո habhab watermelon, melon Ar. ḥabḥab

υብሀብ : አለ habbabab alä to mock, deride; to shoo s.th. away; to become friends with anyone one meets, strike up a warm but not lasting friendship

ሐበላ habāla cataract (eye) (see ሀበላ)

ሐብል habl (Geez pl. ሐብላት hablat) rope (for ascending an amba); chain of brass or iron, watch chain, lectern chain, chain necklace, small chain placed around a mule's neck which jingles when the mule walks Ar. ḥabl

ያንንት : ሐብል chain necklace

ሐብለ ፡ ሥላሴ hablä səllase masc. pers. п.

ሐብለ ፡ ዘንብ saddle-strap which passes under the mount's tail

የመልሕቅ ፣ ሐብል yämälhəq habl anchor chain

(Supp.)

1-11-18 hablay whirlwind (strong enough to knock down trees and blow houses over) (Geez)

ጎብሳይ ፣ ነፋስ whirlwind

14C habr combination, association; agreement, concord (among persons); word which has two meanings or senses, pun, metaphor; having various kinds of colors (object, garment), e.g. spotted or striped cloth, color

(የሚለብሎት ፡ ተልፍ ፡ ጎብሩ ፡ ይህ ፡ ነው ፡ አይባልም the colors of the embroidery they were wearing were indescribable)

(እክሌና ፣ እክሌ ፣ ንብር ፣ ናቸው so-and-so and soand-so get along well together)

በንብር ፡ ታናገረ to say double entendres, to make puns

าสเล ะ 🗝 🛦 หอ่ həbrä mälk primary color(s)

ንብሪ ፡ ሰማይ habrä sämay vitriol blue (also ከብሪ ፡ ሰማይ)

ጎብሬ : ሰብ bəbrä säb society (rare)

(የጎብረ : ሰብ social [rare])

ንብረ ፡ ቀስም həbrä qäläm (or ቀሴማት qälämat) various colors, shades, bues or tints

ኀብሬ ፡ ትምሀርት habrä tamhart social studies ኀብሬ ፡ ትንቢት habrä tanbit concord of prophecies foretelling Christ's birth

ንብሬ ፡ ንባብ həbrä nəbab table of words and phrases for learning to identify the different forms of Ethiopic letters and for identifying identical parts of speech (also ንብሬት ፡ ንባብ)

ጎብረ ፡ አምላል habra amsal the resemblance between a child and its parent, a seal and its impression or a mold and the molded object (KBT)

ንብረ ፣ ኮስብ habra kokab constellation

ኅብረ ፡ ወርቅ habrä wärq the edge of a garment made of four kinds of silk thread and gold brocade

ጎብረ : ተበብ habrā ṭabāb handicraft which is a combination of related handicrafts

የኅብር : አንጋገር yähəbr annägagär pun ኅብርንት həhərənnät state or condition of being a pun

ኀብራት babrät union, alliance, coalition, solidarity, unison, harmony, cooperation (see also አበረ, ኀበረ)

ንብረተ ፡ ሀላዊ organs of the body in their entire-

ty: skin, flesh, bones, blood, tendons, nails, hair, teeth, eyesight, hearing and brain; the parts of a tree in their entirety: roots, trunk, leaves, flower, fruit and its taste

(ሥጋዬ ፡ ሲደርቅ ፡ ጎብረተ ፡ ህላውዬ ፡ ከተቅም ፡ ውጭ ፡ ሆነው ፡ ሽታ ፡ ሽታ ፡ ሲያመጡ when my flesh withers, my organs no longer function and produce a stench . . .)

ጎብረተ ፡ መምሀራን faculty

ኀብሬተ ፡ ሰብ society (mass of people)

(የኅብሪተ ፣ ሰብ ፣ የኢኮኖሚ ፣ ሥርዓት socioeconomic system)

ጎብረት ፡ ሰባዊንት babrätäsabawinnät socialism

በኀብሬት hand-in-hand, in concert, in unison ኀብሬተ ፡ ጉባሉ ፡ ማኀበር council of government,

advisory council

የጎብረት communal

የኅብረተ ፣ ሰብ social

የኅብሬት ፡ እርሻ cooperative farm

የሕብረት ፡ ድርጅት cooperative

ሶቪየት ፡ ኀብሬት Soviet Union

"7'11C mahhär association, society, sodality (monthly gathering in honor of a saint), congregation, league, organization, corporation

ማኅበር ፡ ጠጣ to participate in the monthly sodality meeting

ማኅብረ ፡ ሊቃውንት mabbärä liqawənt church council

ማኅበረ ፡ ሥላሴ mabhärä səllase name of a monastery some 50 miles southeast of Metemma

ማንበረ ፡ በነተር mahbärä bäk*ər Feast of Ali Saints, celebrated 10 Nähase (6 Aug.); locality in Ţärra

የማኅበር ፡ ባል Feast of All Saints

የሥራተኞች ፣ ማኅበር union (workers')

የንበሬ ፣ ማንበር peasants' association

ማኅበረኛ mahbäräŭňa member of an association, sodality, etc.

ማኀበረተኛ mahhärätäňňa member of an association; subscriber

ማኅበረተኛንት mahbärätäňňannät membership in an association

ሐብርት hubert bridal couple attired in garments of gold brocade

ሃበሳ babäsa transgression, sin (see also አበሳ)

(እንዲት ፡ ያለው ፡ ፫ር ጋዳ ፡ ጐበዝ ፡ አለሃበሳውና ፡ አለጊዜው ፡ ምተ how could such a splendid young man die without [being guilty of] sin and before his time?)

ARAT habast Arab who emigrated to Ethiopia, settled there and began many offspring and from whom the name Habasa is derived, i.e. Habeshat, an ancient South Arabian tribe which settled in Ethiopia

1100 bebost sacramental bread, Host (a round, flat wheaten bread which has thirteen crosses imprinted on the surface, when given at Communion, it is broken so that each communicant receives a piece with a cross on it); bread, loaf (Shoan usage only, clsewhere such bread is known as dabbo)

ኀብስተ ፡ ሕይወት habasta baywat the Bread of Life, i.e. Jesus Christ; grain, mythical period of plenty when even stones were bread

ንብስተ ፡ መና bəbəstä männa manna (from Heaven)

ኅብስተ ፣ ስማይ həbəstä sämay manna

ሐቤፕ habäša Abyssinia, Abyssinian (see also አበፕ)

የሐበሻ ፡ ሹም yähabäša šum fem. pers. n.

የሐበሻ ፡ ትምሀርት traditional Ethiopian religious education provided by church schools and learned scholars

ភព i habäš bunch of grapes

ሐባብ habab name of a Tigre-speaking, largely Muslim tribe centering around Keren

ሕባብ habab archaic spelling of እባብ snake

ሁብበት bubobula a whirlwind caused by the sun's heat on a hot afternoon

υብት habt wealth, riches, fortune (wealth), property, possessions, treasure; products (of a country); resources (wealth), affluence; good luck (Ar.); gift, hounty, generosity; property (physical)

(የመውደቅ ፤ የመንከባለል ፡ ሀብት ፡ ያለው s.th. which has the property of falling or rolling...) ሀብቷ ፡ ቀና she's gotten engaged, lit. her luck succeeded

ሀብት ፡ አገኘ to obtain wealth, acquire possessions

ሀብተ : ምድር habtā mədər wealth or resources obtained from the earth such as minerals and crops

ሀብተ : ሰማይ babtä sämay spiritual wealth such

as good deeds, virtue

υብተ ፡ ሰባራ habtä säbara one who fails to prosper despite much hard work, one who has lost his wealth

บาเหาะ กำกับ habtä säbsəh charm for acquiring wealth

ሀብተ ፡ ሰንኩል babtä sənkul one whose prospects are ruined, who never becomes rich despite hard work, one who has constant bad luck ሀብተ ፡ ሥጋ habtä səga good fortune or luck enjoyed during this life

v-fit : **fi.t** unfortunate, unlucky or impoverished person

ሀብተ ፡ ነናስ spiritual wealth; rightcousness, virtue

ሀብተ ፡ ው ልደና babtä wəldənna spiritual grace allowing entry into Heaven, obtained by good behavior, piety, baptism and Communion

υብትሽ : በሀብቱ habtaš bähabte a marriage type in which both partners (who are usually penniless) pledge to hold in common the property they acquire during their marriage

Element of personal names:

ชาให hahtu, ชาให babte, ใชาให้ bähabtu (masc. pers. names)

ሀብተ ፡ ማርያም habtä maryam lit. gift of Mary ሀብተ ፡ ሥላሴ habtä səllase lit. gift of the Trinity

υብተ ፡ ጊዮርጊስ habtä giyorgis lit. gift of St. George

ሀብትህ ፡ ይመር habtəh yəmär masc. pers. п.

प्रिक्त कि balähabt owner

ምጣኔ ፡ ሀብት mattane habt economics

የተፈጥሮ ፡ ሀብት natural resources

บาเรา habtam wealthy, rich, well-to-do; fortunate

ሀብታምንት habtamannät state or condition of being wealthy, well-to-do

ሀብታት habtat in ሀብታት ፡ ዓለም worldly goods or possessions

υብተኛነት habtäňňannät capitalism (obs. neol.)

ሁባን hub(b)an luckless

ነባኔ babbane a headcloth or hood worn by priests, monks or nuns in such a way as to leave a triangular patch of the forchead uncovered and which comes down to the shoulders

18th habu', pl. 18th habu'an concealed, hidden, subtle (Geez); holy hermit who lives in occultation (like Enoch or Elias). Popular belief credits many such with inhabiting Däbrä Libanos where they may perform supernatural acts (Supp.)

 $(\beta^{i} \mathcal{S}. \mathcal{C}: \beta^{i} \mathcal{O}, \beta^{j} : \mathcal{F}. \mathcal{C}$ that woods being a place of the holy saints . . .)

ጎብ ዕ ፡ ስም magic names (used in sorcery) ቢጎብ ዕ secretly, covertly

ትምሀርተ ፡ ጎበዓት təmhərtä həbu'at Mystagogia [with Geez. fem. pl. of həhu'], lit. teaching of hidden things

ጎባይ hahay bray of a donkey

ሆባይ ፡ አለ hobay alä to run away fast, escape by running

ሆባይ ፡ ሆባይ ፡ አለ hohay hobay alä to run, leap

ሐቢጅራይ habäğəray spotted; sore in which blood is mixed with pus

ሐበጠ habbätä to swell (sec አበጠ)

ሁት hut Eng. hut 'one' (in marching drill) ሁት ፡ ሁለት hutt hulätt (repeated) one-two, one-two, etc.)

ሐታ hatta chant [n.]

ሑት het the Hebrew letter ሽ

ሂት het or ሀት hat where, dial. var. of የት ሀቱ hatu which?

ሄትም ፡ ሂት wherever (Supp.)

በሂትም ፡ በሂት wherever

ሂ-ቱንም betunəmm anywhere, everywhere (Ar.)

ተሂትም ፡ ሂት wherever it may be (tä- is an allomorph of kä-)

ሄትኛው hetəňňaw or ሀትኛው hatəňňaw which one?

*ザナー ねザナ ahota to score a goal (in gänna-hockcy) (see ザ:ねん)

ግザチ mahoča in **ግザチ**: 0ナ goal (location) (gänna-hockey)

ザホム hotel hotel Fr.

ባልሆቴል hotel owner

ጎተመ hattämä B to seal, to stamp, mark (with a sign, symbol or seal), to print (see አተመ)

ሐቲም hatim in ሐቲም ፡ ቀለበት finger ring, seal ring Ar. katim

ኅትመት hətmät publication

ግንተም mahtam scal, stamp, scal impression or mark; note, official letter (Supp.)

ማኅተሚያ mahatämiya seal, stamp

みかき hatäta or みかき hatät illustration (of a point, a subject), presentation (of a matter), exposition, detailed explanation, commentary (see みかき)

ሐተተኝ hatätäňňa discursíve, digressive (Am.)

ሐች hačč down below, yonder

እዚያ ፡ የች əzziya hačč right down there, yonder, over there [some distance away]

ከዚህ ፡ ሐች right down bere

hus : 47 right down there, yonder, over there [some distance away]

ሉች ፡ አምና hačč amna year before last (also አችምና)

ஃ banna Hannah, fcm. pers. п.

አባ ፡ ሐና abba hanna custodian of the Emperor's privy purse who was killed in the 1960 coup

ዕወ ፣ ሐና əsä hanna henna

ወልደ ፡ ሐና wäldä hanna masc. pers. n.

የሐናን ፡ ለወሰተ ፡ ሐና shifting the blame from s.o. to s.o. else, showing generosity at s.o. else's expense, lit. giving Hannah's to Hannah's daughter

have short, curved saber (worn by Adal men)

the finns or the houng henna, (Lawsonia inermis)

ዕፀ ፣ ሕና əṣä hənna henna

ሐ.ን hin one who returns a favor or gets even (cf. Tňa. ሕና)

ሆን honä to bc (see *ሀወነ)

ሐንሐን han(nə)ban having a large head, bigheaded (KBT)

ሐኖስ hanos sphere above the sky which is onethird water (Geez)

ሕንሥራ hansara three-handled earthenware ewer for transporting and storing water (see እንሥራ)

- ሀንስት honsät ensete or false banana (see እንስት)
- ሕንቅብ hangab basket used as a measure which holds from 10 to 14 qunnas (see እንቅብ)
- ሕንቀት hangät gruel or porridge of grain and butter (see እንቀተ under አ)
- ሕንበሊ hanbäli Hanbali, member of the most conservative Muslim school of jurisprudence
- **17.00.40 Institute** * spotted, multicolored, compounded of several elements (Geez)
- ጎንብርት banbart navel, pl. ጎንብርታት hanbartat (see አምብርት)
- ሐናት han(n)at palate (KBT)
- ሃናት hanat sinciput, top of the head (see አናት)
- ሐኖት hanot butcher shop, shambles; establishment which retails food and drink, hotel Ar. hanūt
- ሁንት hunät state of being, condition (see *ሀወን)
- ሁኔታ huneta or ሆናቱ hunate circumstance, state, condition (see *ሀውን)
- ሐንታዊነት hantawinnät monism (neol.) [app. der. from Tňa. hanti]
- 9.53 henon in 60 : 253 əşä henon Euphorbia petitianu and other small, leafy euphorbias (M)
- USS honana fool; very forgetful person
- ሕናንያ hananaya Ananias (Bibl.)
- υ-ንኛ hunäňňa trustworthy, dependable (see *ሀወን)
- 1ንዚራ hənzira a kind of hostage? (see እንዚራ harp)
- ሐንዚብ hanziz or ሕንዚብ hənziz beetle (see እንዚብ)
- ሐንድ hand one (occurs only in አሥራ ፡ ሐንድ asra hand eleven and ሃያ ፡ ሐንድ twenty-one)
- ህንድ hand India
 - 60 : UTS Petamenes latifolius
 - บาร handi Indian (person); Indian cloth, pl.
 - ህንዶች bandočč
 - บริสติ həndawi Indian (person), pl. บริสต ริว həndawəyan
 - リラススナ handawit Indian (woman), pl. サラー

ዛው ያት handawayat

- v7£h həndäke Queen Candace said to have ruled in classical Ethiopia [not in the area of present day Ethiopia] at the beginning of the Christian Era; dye used for making red stripes or lines on šämma-garments (Supp.)
- ሕንጋር hangar hangar (plane) Eng.
- 17.24 hangat completely black crow [there is a variety of crows in Ethiopia which is partly white]
- ሕንጣ hanta building, structure (see ሕንጻ below)
- ሕንው hanto new-born child
- ሕንጣ.ብ hantib extra finger, s.th. attached [to another object]
- ሕንጢ m hantito little finger (KBT)
- ሕናም hannač name of a body of troops commanded by Ras Sə'əlä krəstos (XVII Century)
- ሕንጻ hənşa building, edifice, structure; project (obs.); wall of natural rock, cliff (Ar.) (see አንጠ)
 - (የዚህ: ሁሉ : አላብ : የዚህ : ሁሉ : ጎንፃ : በልብዎ : ላለ while all these ideas, all these projects were in his mind . . .) (AWMen)
 - የሕንጻ : አውራር architecture [style of building] የሕንጻ : ጥበብ architecture [art of designing buildings]
 - ሥን ፡ ሕንጻ ፡ ቤት building ornamentation (KBT)
- ሐንፊ hanäfi Hanafi, one of the four Muslim schools of jurisprudence Ar. ḥanafi
- ሐንፌያ hanäfiya spigot, faucet Ar. ḥanafiyya
- ኖችhoňňo tavern, inn, hotel (B, KBT)
- ሂአ hi'a hiccup (see ሕቅ ፡ አለ)
 - ሂአ ፡ ሂአ ፡ አለ hi'a hi'a alä to hiccup, have the hiccups
- ለኪም hakim physician, doctor Ar. hakim (see አከው)
 - ሐኪም። ቤት hospital
 - ሕክምና hakmanna medicine (science), medical treatment
 - (ክፍተኛ ፡ ሕክምና advanced medical treatment) የሕክምና medical (school)
 - የሐኪምንት yähakimənnät medical (profes-

sion)

ሀዜት haket sloth, indolence

リれナマ haketäňňa slothful, indolent, idle, one who deliberately works slow because of ill will or resentment

ሆኬተኝንት haketäňňannät slothfulness, condition of being deliberately slow in working

ሁከት hukät disturbance, disorder, violence, insurrection, agitation, furor, uproar, clamor, riot (see አወት)

ሁካታ hukata row (noise), uproar, racket, tumult, commotion, turbulence

ሁከተኛ hukätäňňa troublesome, naughty, brawler

ሐክክ hakkäkä archaic spelling of አክክ to scratch

ህካይ hakkay slothful, lazy (Geez) (see ሀኬት)

vor haww fire (Geez only)

ሐው ፡ አለ haww alä to bark (dog)

υΨ hawa atmosphere, space (celestial) Ar. hawā'

(ሴጣ ፡ ሀዋ clear sky)

ሕው ፡ አለ haww alä to be boundless, endless, interminable (plain), to extend out of sight; to be sheer (cliff); to hurtle through the air (bird, etc.) (see አው ፡ አለ)

ሕው ፡ ያለ haww yalä limitless, boundless, as far as the eye can reach; sheer (cliff)

(ሕው ፡ ያለ ፡ ሚዳ endless plain)

(ሕው ፡ ያለ ፡ ንደል sheer cliff)

ሕመታ hawwata being limitless (plain); whistling past the ears (object, bullet), hurtling (bird, etc.)

- ሆዋ ፡ አለ howwa alä to exult, to crow, boast, to be tumultuous (TA, AYMQ) (see ሆ ፡ አለ above) ሆዋ howwa cry of victory, of exultation
- አዋ h**awa interjection expressing surprise or fear (Ar.) (see ኋላ)
- ጎዋጎው hawahaw pores (of the skin), open places, spaces or gaps, gateways, fields (Geez pl. of ፕንት 'gateway')
- ሐዋሳ hawwala money order, bank draft, bill of exchange Ar. ḥawāla

የፖስታ ፡ ሐዋላ postal money order

- ሐውልት hawalt stela, obelisk, monument, statuc; blank space between the two (or three) columns of text on a page (usually a ms.)
- ሐዊለይቶ hawiläyto firefly (Tňa., lit. fire-of-thenight)
- *MOL PAPC mahwar orbit; crossroads, point at which several streets come together; colander, strainer or winnowing basket

(ምሕዋሬ : ልብ : ምድር tunnel, subterranean passage) (KBT)

(ምሕዋረ ፡ ደመና air current) (KBT)

(ምሕዋሪ : ከዋከብት orbit[s] of the planets) (KBT)

- ሕዋር hawwar interstices (of lattice work and the like), gaps, openings, e.g. between the leaves of a tree which permit vision; small staircase, series of terraces; square, area around a town; table-top (KBT)
- ሐዋርያ hawarya apostle, pl. ሐዋርያት hawaryat, ሐዋሮች hawaročč or ሐዋርያቶች hawaryatočč, ትውፊተ ፡ ሐዋርያ tawfitä hawarya the tradition of the Apostolic Councils

ግብረ ፡ ሐዋርያ gəbrä hawarya book for students of the traditional church schools who have advanced beyond the Psalter

コロウ: 本中CS gäbäta hawarya book containing passages from the New Testament and the Apostles' Creed which serves beginners as a reader for the third stage of the traditional reading process

ፈደለ : ሐዋርያ the first seven verses of I John (Epistles) which children in a church school use for learning to read after mastering the syllabary (sec ሬደል)

ስብክተ ፡ ሐዋርያት teachings of the Apostles, i.e. that Christ became man and came into this world

ቃሉ ፡ ሐዋርያት qalä hawaryat teachings of the Apostles, formula uttered by priests when placing s.o. under a ban

ግብረ : ሐዋርያት gəbrä hawaryat Acts of the Apostles; their teachings to the Gentiles after the Crucifixion

ጥሙ : ሐዋርያት tomä hawaryat Fast of the Apostles which begins the Monday after Pentecost and lasts until 5 Hamle

ሐዋርያነት hawaryannät apostleship ሐዋርያዊ hawaryawi apostolic ሐውስ hawwäsä B to move [vi], stir [vi], to tremble (Gondare usage) (B)

ชาติด tähawwäsä to move, stir [vi], to move from place to place, become mobile (KBT)

ተሐውሶ tähawso motion (moving about)

(በዓለ : ተሐውሶ the day after a major festival) ተሐዋሲ tähawwasi moving or mobile creatures [man, animal, insect], pl. ተሐዋሰያን tähawwasəvan

ሕዋስ hawas, pl. ሕዋሳት hawasat the senses, organs (of the body or fig. for organs of society). These bodily organs are: sight (ዓይን), hearing (ጅሮ), smell (አፍንጫ), taste (አፍ), touch (አጅ), motion (አግር), genitalia (ኅፍረተ ፡ ሥጋ) [others count only those above the neck, i.e. cycs, ears, nostrils and mouth]; cell (political) (የአሥራዎስቴ ፡ ጠቅላይ ፡ ግዛቶች ፡ ሹጣዎት ፡ ሕዋሰ ፡ መሪዎች ፡ የሥራ ፡ አመራር ፡ ጉባኤ ፡ ሥራውን ፡ አንደቀጠሉ ፡ ነው the conference on operational methods for the officials and heads of [government] organs of the thirteen provinces is still in progress)

ረቂቅ ፡ ሕዋስ microbe, germ (neol.)

ሕዋሳተ ፡ ባዕዶች hawasata ha'adočč parts of the body which have no fleshy character, e.g. teeth, bones, hair, nails

ሕዋሳተ ፡ አአምሮ hawasatā a'amaro perceptual organs, e.g. sight, hearing, smell, taste, touch and those for sensing heat, cold, health, pleasure, gricf, pain and sadness (KBT)

ሕዋሳተ ፡ እፍት howasatä afa organs of the body which are visible to the naked eye, e.g. head, ears, nose, lips, neck, shoulders, chest, arms and legs (KBT)

ሕዋሳት: ውስጥ howasatä wust internal organs, e.g. brain, heart, lungs, liver, kidneys, stomach, intestines, etc. (KBT)

የድምፅ : ሕዋሳት yädəmş həwasat vocal chords ሕዋሳታዊ həwasatawi perceptual (sensory) (neol.)

ሐዋት hawat in የሐዋት ፡ 8ኛ person chosen to act as an informal judge or arbitrator for a dispute or altercation

ふかナナ hawtatta fickle, unsteady, inconstant; vagabond (see **ト**のナナ)

*ህወነ - ሆነ honä to be, become, to exist, to occur, happen, come to pass, to arise, take place ሐኪም ፡ ሆነ he became a doctor

ሦስት ፡ ሆን it is triple, three [in number], it is three [o'clock]

ሰው ፡ ሆነ he recovered his former condition; he acquired good manners

በታው ፡ ጉንዳን ፡ ሆን the place is crawling with ans, lit. the place has become ants

ርንብ ፣ ሆን a famine occurred

ሰብሰባው ፡ ነገ ፡ ሆኒል the meeting is scheduled for [or postponed to] tomorrow

ሌሊት ፡ ሆን night fell

እንዳለው ፡ ሆን it happened as he said [it did/it would]

U's hona (linking nouns or noun phrases) expresses 'as well as', 'or':

(ከምዕራብ : አገሮችም : ሆነ : ክሌሎች : መን-ግሥ:ታት ፡ ጋር with Western countries as well as other nations...)

(ወንድ ፡ ሆን ፡ ሴት ፤ እንግዳ ፡ አያስገቡም they won't let strangers in, men or women [or 'be they men or women'])

[noun] (\mathfrak{P}) : \mathfrak{P} : \mathfrak{OP} : [noun] expresses either [noun] or [noun]:

(ከኮሚሽንሮቹም ፡ መካከል ፡ አያንዳንዳቸውም ፡ ሆን ፡ ወይንም ፡ በሙ ስ among the commissioncrs, cither some of them or all...)

กม.บรา : ชร : กล, ร häzzihəm honä bäzziya in one way or another

ይሀም ፡ ሆነ ፡ ያ yəhəm honä ya this as well as that

ያም : ሆን : ይህ yamm honä yoh at any rate, whatever may happen, in any case, somehow or other, regardless, for one reason or another

ザン: ብሎ honä bəlo or ザン: ብሎ hon bəlo intentionally, deliberately, purposely, consciously

ሆን ፡ ተብሎ honä tähəlo (used with the passive verb)

175 honä + suffixed pronoun may express time or the suitability of s.th. to s.o., e.g. to fit (clothing), to favor, to be on the side of:

(እዚህ ፡ ከመጣ ፡ ስድስት ፡ ወር ፡ ሆኖታል it has been six months since he came here)

(ሹራቡ ፡ ለሱ ፡ ሆነው the sweater fits him) (ከዚህም ፡ በኋላ ፡ ወደ ፡ ኢሳቸው ፡ የሆነውን ፡ ከተጥር: ጥር: ምናሪ: ጎብስበው after this, he brought together the troops from the regular army who were on his side...)

(ለዚህ ፡ አባባል ፡ መንሻ ፡ የሆንኝ the reason I have for saying this . . .)

(ጥሩ ፣ ምያ ፣ ነው ፣ ለኔ ፣ አልሆነኝም it [journalism] is a good profession, it [just] was not good for me)

(በቃ ፡ በቃ ፡ ይሆነቸል enough, enough, I have plenty [rural Amharic])

ሆን honä + prepositional suffixed pronouns ሆን (ሴት) honä (llät) it suits him; he succeeded (in it), it went well for him

(እያቴ ፡ ካንዲት ፡ ድንክ ፡ አልጋ ፡ ሳይ ፡ ግራና ፡ ቀኝ ፡ መከዳ ፡ ሆኖላቸው ፡ ተቀመጡ my grandfather sat down on a small couch there being pillows on it for him)

(ምንው ፡ የሚያውቁበትስ ፡ መቼ ፡ ሆነላቸው why, when did it ever work for those who knew about it?)

ሆን(በት) honä(bbät) [with infinitive] expresses he has to, he must; with a derived form, an unfavorable circumstance:

ሆንብኝ honähbaňň it did not turn out well for me, I suffered adversity

(መሄድ ፡ ግድ ፡ ሆነብኝ I had to go)

(ይሀ ፡ ጨርቅ ፡ ሽክሽስ ፡ ሆንብኝ this cloth is too loosely woven for me)

(በሽታ ፡ ያዘውና ፡ ተኝቶ ፡ እንዲስንብት ፡ የሐኪም ፡ ትእዛዝ ፡ ሆንበት he caught a disease and the doctor ordered him to stay in bed, lit. the doctor's order that he stay in bed occurred to his disadvantage)

(መተፎ ፡ ኢንጣሚ ፡ ሆነበት he had bad linck) (ቢክፍተት ፡ የባለንብስ ፡ ሲናር ፡ ሆነባቸው when they opened it, the one containing barley turned out to be sinnar oats, unfortunately for them)

(እንርሱ ፡ ከኢጣልያን ፡ ኃራ ፡ የሆኑበት ፡ ምክንያት the reason they went over to the Italians to his detriment . . .) (ምን: ሆንክ what happened to you?, what is the matter with you?, lit. what did you become?) (ምን: ሆንክብኝ what happened to you? [ብኝ indicates personal interest on the speaker's part])

(ምንም : አልሆንኩ nothing happened to me, I'm all right)

(ምን: ሁኖ: ነው what happened to him? i.e. what changed him?)

ምን(ም) ፡ \boldsymbol{v} · \boldsymbol{r} be that as it may

ሆንም ፡ ቀረም honam qarram [at head of phrase] expresses 'in any case', 'at any rate': (ሆንም ፡ ቀረም ፡ አሳባችንን ፡ ሙቀረጥ ፡ አስብን at any rate, we'll have to make up our minds)

#7 honä with prepositions

ለሆን ፡ ንገር for s.th. unknown or unexpected (ለሆን ፡ ንገር ፡ አስሩት they jailed him for s.th. or other)

ተሆን granted that, it is/he is, masc. pers. n. (ተ tä is an allomorph of ከ kä-) (see also the verb tähonä below)

ተሆን ፡ ተሆን tähonä tähonä if at all possible እንዴሆን əndähonä (see እንደ-)

እንደሆን əndähon (see እንደ-)

እንደ əndä + pronoun or noun + ነበፆን kähonä expresses 'according to':

(\(\cappa \)72 : \(\text{hU}\) according to me, in my opinion) \(\chappa \)73 k\(\text{ahona}\) granted that, if it/he is

(እኔ ፡ ከሆነ as for me)

(እንዲህ ፣ ከሆነ if that is the case)

(እንደዚህ : ከሆነ if it is like this)

(かける・クステ・足のか but if possible, lie down!) (かけつ・ロスイ・テラ・足足ノA once it happens/ comes to pass, what can be done [here it is kä-+ yähonä])

(ክሆንልን ፡ እንመጣለን if it turns out well for us, we will come, i.e. we will come if we can [kä- 'if' + honä(llät)])

ሆነ bonä with interrogative pronouns (የቤቴን፡ ኪራይ ፡ የሚከፍልልሽ፡ ማን፡ ሆነና ፡ ነው just whom do you think is paying your rent?)

ሆነ honä with the relative marker yä-(የሆነ፡ ሰው yähonä säw some stranger) (m.) (የሆነው ፡ ጠቅላላ ፡ ነገር the general events which have occurred)

⁽አሁንም ፡ የሆነ ፡ ሆኖአል well, what's done is done)

⁽ዘመናዊ ፣ የሆን ፣ የጦር ፣ መጣሪያ modern

weapons)

(ብዕር ፡ ወይስ ፡ አርላስ ፡ ትፌል 200 Q: Do you want a pen or a pencil? የሆነውን A: Either one [of them]/whatever is available)

マヴン: テムザン yähonä yalhonä unimportant, all sorts of

(የሆነ ፡ ያልሆነውን ፡ ምክንያት ፡ ኢትሰጠኝ don't give me all sorts of excuses)

(ለምን ፡ በሆነ ፡ ባልሆነ ፡ ትደበድቢዋሰሽ why do you beat him for unimportant reasons?)

(የሆነው ፡ ይሁን let come what may)

(የሆነ ፡ ቢሆን whatever happens, in any event) የሆነው ፡ ቢሆንምyähonäw hihonəmm whatever happens

የሆን ፡ ሆኖ yähonä hono nevertheless, anyway, however

የሆነው ፡ ሆኖ yähonäw hono be that as it may, nevertheless, however

የሆነውን ፣ ያህል as much as possible

የሆነດ ፡ ሆነና yähonäss honäna by the way, be that as it may

(የሆነስ ፡ ሆነና ፡ ያቺ ፡ ሚስት ፡ ያለችኋት by the way, whatever happened to that wife [you had]?)

(የሆነስ ፡ ሆነና ፡ ባሮቹ ፡ አናንተ ፡ ብቻ ፡ ለትሆኑ be that as it may, though you are only slaves . . .)
የ yä [noun or adjective] + እንደሆነ 'if' (see እንደሆነ)

(የሆነ ፡ ጎገር ፡ ብሎኝ ፡ ጎበር he said something [that I don't recall now])

the negative perfect of ሆን honä with or without the relative marker yä- expresses unsuitability: (ሙከራችን ፡ ሁሉ ፡ አልሆነም all our efforts failed)

(ተማሪ ፡ ነኝ... mበቃ ፡ አልሆንህ I'm [only] a student. I won't do as a lawyer for you, i.e. I can't defend or assist you in your court cases)

the negative perfect of U' honä with the conjunctions II bä-, h kä-

(ያልሆነ : ጥያቄ an improper question)

(ባልሆነ ፡ መንገድ ፡ ሂደ he went the wrong way) (ባልሆነው ፡ ቦታ ፡ ወድቆ ፡ እየቀረ remaining fallen in an unsuitable place)

ካልሆን kalhonä unicss, if not, except (መውደቅ : ካልሆን : ለመውረዱም ፡ ጥርኝ ፡ ትንሽ ፡ ለዘብ ፡ ካላለ ፡ የሚችል ፡ አልሆንም other than falling off, dismounting was impossible unless Taraň [the horse] eased up a little)

(ክልሆነ ፡ ባልንጀራ ፡ የታወቀ ፡ ጠላት ፡ ይሻላል a known enemy is better than an uncertain friend [kä- 'than' + yalhonä 'unsnitable'])

ካልሆንም kalhonämm otherwise

ካልሆነ ፡ በቀር outside of, unless he/it is

the compound imperfect **PUTA** yehonal expresses 'it is possible', 'ir may be so'. It may serve as a noun meaning 'conjecture' or serve to express 'about', 'approximately':

BUSA yahonal with the imperfect or gerund indicates probability:

(ይመጣ : ይሆናል he will probably come)

ይሆናል ፡ ብሎ yahonai halo thinking that it will come to pass, happen

(ይህ ፡ ይሆናል ፡ ብሎ ፡ ያሰበ ፡ የለም nobody thought this would happen, lit. there is no one who thought saying, 'this will happen')

(ድንገት ፡ ይመለሉ ፡ ይሆናል they might come back suddenly)

(ይህ ፡ ምርዝ ፡ ይገድለው ፡ ይሆናል this poison might kill him) (see also ይሆን)

(ይህ ፡ መርዝ ፡ ንድሎት ፡ ይሆናል this poison might have killed him)

(አይተውት ፡ ይሆናል they might have seen him/ it, they would see him/it)

EUTA yahonal with lä-, wädä or the suffixed object pronouns expresses 'to favor', 'be suitable', 'be fitting', 'suited' or 'good for':

(የሚጠብቃቸው ፡ ካንኝ ፡ ክድተው ፡ ወደኝ ፡ ይሆናሉ ፡ ብዬ ፡ ተስፋ ፡ አደርጋለሁ I hope that if they find someone to protect them, they will desert and come over to us)

(ለአውሮችላን ፡ ይሆናል ፡ ካሉን if he tells us it [a location] would be suitable for planes...) ማንኛውም ፡ ይሆናታል anything will suit her, will be good for her

the simple imperfect LV3 yahon indicates uncertainty, hence a question:

足げ7 could it be? (see also 足げ7ナ below)

(እሱ ፡ ይሆን ፡ እሱ ፡ ይሆን ፡ አል ፡ ፫ሙር I began to say [to myself], 'This might be it! This might be it!')

(ምን ፡ አመልሰ ፡ አሆን what am I going to answer?)

(ይህ ፡ መርዝ ፡ ይንድለው ፡ ይሆን might this poison kill him/it?) (see also ይሆናል above) (ወደ ፡ አሥራ ፡ ስምንት ፡ ዓመት ፡ ይሆናት ፡ ነበር she could have been eighteen)

LU7 yahon when followed by **OLP** wäyam may also express the meaning 'or' when linking nouns or noun phrases:

(ከቦርማቸው ፡ ይሆን ፡ ወይም ፡ ከለባበላቸው ፡ አጭር ፡ መስለው ፡ ይታያሉ on account of his paunch or on account of his dress, he seems short)

β P7 yahon with the conjunctions A la-, Λ sa-, Λ ba-

ሲሆን ፡ በቻሉ it could have been/have happened ሲሆን sihon 'while', 'at the same time that' but may imply a contrast to the following clause and mean 'whereas', 'notwithstanding', 'although', e.g. በቅድሙ ፡ አብዮት ፡ ዕድሚያቸው ፡ ሉትምህርት ፡ ከደረቡት ፡ ጎጻናት ፡ መካከል ፡ የትምህርት ፡ ዕድል ፡ ያገኛሉ ፡ ተብለው ፡ የሚገሙቱት ፡ ዕሥራ ፡ አምስት ፡ በመቶ ፡ ብቻ ፡ ሲሆኑ ፡ በአሆኑ ፡ መትት ፡ ይህ ፡ ቀ ጥር ፡ ወደ ፡ ስላ ፡ አምስት ፡ በመቶ ፡ ሰኝ ፡ ሲሆኑ ፡ በአሆኑ ፡ ስፍ ተነኝ ፡ ብሏል although in pre-Revolutionary days only 15 percent of school-age children were assumed to have obtained the opportunity for an education, this number has risen to 35 percent at the present time

ይህም: ሲሆን and when this happens, is so ... ሲሆን bihon if, perhaps, (following a verb); even, as for (following a noun); masc. pers. n. በዚያም: አቅጣጫ ፡ ሲሆን even in that direction ሲሆንኝ bihonänn masc. pers. n.

ቢሆን ፡ ነው hihonə näw because

(ጥላሁንስ። ቢሆን። ይህን። ያህል። የሚያስጠላው። ወንጀል። ሌጽሞ። ቢሆን። ነው as for Telahun, is it because he committed a crime that he is so hated?)

ቢሆን ፣ ቢሆን at least

(ቢሆን ፡ ቢሆን ፡ አንታም ፡ አንድትመጣ at least come yourself)

ሲሆን: ግን nevertheless, in spite of that ሲሆን: ባይሆን bihon hayhon no matter what ምንም ፡ ሲሆን manamm bihon in any event, whatever happens, on any condition

አሆንም ፡ ቢሆን ahunamm bihon even now እንዴት ፡ ቢሆን andet bihon how?

(ጻጉርሽስ ፣ እንዴት ፣ ቢሆን ፣ እንደዚህ ፣ ወሰቀ

What about your hair? How did it fall out like this?)

[noun] (P): (LV7: [noun] (A): (LV7 or [noun]: [noun] A: (LV7 expresses 'either [noun] or [noun]'

(1.1779° bihonəmm [at head of phrase] however, still (nevertheless), notwithstanding, all the same, anyway

የሆን ፣ ቢሆንም yähonä bihonəmm in any event, whatever happens

relative imperfect የሚሆን

(የምሆነው ፣ ጠፋኝ I don't know what will become of me; I didn't know what to do)
(ይህ ፡ ነገር ፡ የሚሆን ፡ አይመስልም this matter does not seem likely, probable, lit. this matter does not appear that which may come to pass)
(ሃያ ፡ የሚሆኑ ፡ ሰዎች about twenty people)
(ምን ፡ አንደሚሆን ፡ ታው ታለህ do you know what is going to happen?)

the negative imperfect

አይሆንም ayhonom it cannot be, [it is] impossible!, it won't do, is inappropriate, unsuitable (ሰማንም ፡ ማን ፡ አንሆንም we will not take anybody's side/we will not side with anyone, lit. we will not be for anyone)

አይሆነኝም ayhonäňňamm it does not suit me (ይህ ፡ ጫጣ ፡ አይሆነኝም these shoes do not fit me)

the negative imperfect with conjunction አይሆኑ ፡ መሆን ፡ አየሆንኩ as many misfortunes befell me

አይሆንልኝም ayhonəlləňňəmm I can't do it ግጥም ፡ እንዳንድ ፡ ሰዎች ፡ አይሆንሳቸው ም poetry is not for some people

ሳይሆንላቸው ፡ ቀረ they failed, lit. it remained without becoming a thing favorable for them ባይሆን bayhon if ... be impossible, at least (at head of phrase)

(ባይሆን: ወደ: አሥሩና፡ ወደ፡ አሥራ፡ ሁለቱ: ዓመት: ተጠግቶ፡ አእምሮው ፡ ረጋ፡ አስኪል ፡ ድረስ at least until he gets to be about ten or twelve years old and his mind hecomes settled...)

(ባልዋን ፣ ለመግደል ፣ ዘኤ ፣ ፈለንች ። ይህም ፣

ባይሆን ፡ ባልዋን ፡ እንዴት ፡ አድርን ፡ ለማሳበድ ፡ እንደምትቸል ፡ ለማወቅ ፡ ሞከረች she sought a method for killing her husband. At least she tried to find out how she could drive him insane)

प्राप्त अन्य : ९८ haybonəmma noro if this had not been the case, had not been so

BUP : 9BUT and if this should be impossible

negative imperfect with the relative generally yämmayhon impossible, inappropriate

(በማድሆን ፡ ጉዳይ ፡ ጊዜውን ፡ አባከን he wasted his time on s.th. impossible)

(ክልክረርክበት ፡ የማይሆን ፡ ሰው ፡ ነው unless you are hard on him, he won't do it/you can't count on him)

የማይሆን ፡ ነገር yämmayhon nägär s.th. inappropriate, unacceptable, unconventional

(የማይሆን ፡ የሆነ ፡ አንዴሆነ if it should not be the case) (see also እንደሆነ)

(የማይሆን ፡ ከሆንም if it is not going to work out/

(XXX.78.07 : PAP there is nothing that does not happen)

jussive

SU-7 yohun so be it!, very well!; all right, o.k. **SU-7AU** yohunolloh as you wish, may your wish(cs) be granted

እሱስ ፡ ይሆን that may be so

(ጥቂትም ፡ ይሁን ፡ የነካሽው ፡ እንደሆነ if you touch it even a little)

ምን ፡ ልውን what was I going to do? [expressing uncertainty regarding a course of action]

expresses 'or' when linking two nouns or nominal phrases:

(ዛሬ ፡ ይሁን ፡ ነገ ፡ ይመጣል he may come today or tomorrow)

(እንደ : አጋጣሚ : ይሁን : ወይንም ፡ በመፍራት ፡ ከፈረሱ : ወረዶ by coincidence or because of fear, he got off the borse)

ED75 yahunanna nevertheless [at head of phrase]

ይሁን ፡ አለ yahnn alä to assent, give one's consent (see also ይሁንታ below)

ይሁን ፡ ተብሎ deliberately

ይሁን ፡ ይሁን ፡ አለ yehun yehun alä to agree ይሁን ፡ ባይ yehun bay yes-man, conformist ይሁን ፡ ይሁን ፡ ባይ yehun yehun bay hasty, precipitate, given to making rash decisions ይሁን ፡ አይሁን ፡ ተባባሉ yehun ayhun täbabalu to tell each other 'it's a deal' or 'it's no deal!' [people buying and selling in the market] ይሁንም ፡ አይሁንም yehunemm ayhunemm be it or not

ይሆን ፡ እንዲሆን yahun andihon or የሆን(ው) ፡ ይሆን yähonä(w) yahun nevertheless, in spite of that

ይሁን : እንጂ yohun ongi nevertheless, but on the other hand, however, be that as it may ስለንንዘቡ : በኔ : ይሁን በሀ with regard to the money, leave it to me [noun] (ም) : ይሁን : [noun] (ም) : ይሁን expre-

negative jussive

sses 'cither [noun] or [noun]'

አይሁን ayhun may it not come to pass/happen, may it not be done

እንደዚህ ፡ አይውን let him not go on like this or act this way!

እኔ ፡ እራሴን ፡ ማመስገን ፡ አይሆንብኝ let it not be taken as praising myself

imperative

እዚህ ፡ ሁን sit here!

(U-3: SAW: SUFFA hun yalaw yahonal whatever He says comes to pass)

gerund

F hono is used to join a noun or an adjective (including the relative verb and the participle) to any verb in order to express a complement of state or quality [and may be translated by 'as' or 'like']:

(በዛብሀ ፡ የብረት ፡ ሐውልት ፡ ሆኖ ፡ ይጠብቃታል Bäzzabbəh is waiting for her like [lit, being] an iron statue)

(በፈረስ ፡ ሆኖ ፡ መጣ he came on horseback) (ሚጀር ፡ ኖትና ፡ አት ፡ ሎሬንሶ ፡ ሆነን ፡ ለለመንገዳችን ፡ ተነጋገረን together with Major Kirott and Ato Lorenzo, we discussed our journey)

UP hono may also serve to make adverbs of

adjective and interrogative pronouns with intransitive and passive verbs:

(ግልጽ ፣ ሆኖ ፣ ያልተንገረው ፣ የናቱና ፣ ያባቱ ፣ Por Por 69: U. I. the original condition of his parents which had not been clearly stated) (ምን ፡ ሁንሽ ፡ ትተክጥለሽ ፡ እቴ what happened

to you that you are so sad, my sister? lit. you being what?)

የሆነ(ው) ፡ ሆኖ nevertheless, in spite of that $[noun](\mathfrak{P}): \mathfrak{P}^{\mathfrak{P}}: [noun](\mathfrak{P}): \mathfrak{P}^{\mathfrak{P}}$ expresses 'cither [noun] or [noun]'

ሆኖም honom anyhow, yet (however), and yet, nevertheless, at any rate

ሆኖም ፡ አያውቅ honom ayawq unusual, unheard of, lit. never having happened before

infinitive 🗝 🗗 7 mähon

(ስምንት ፡ ብር ፡ መሆኑ ፡ ነው it comes to eight

(አሁን ፡ ሰባት ፡ ሰዓት ፡ መሆኑ ፡ ነው it is getting on to seven o'clock [Ethiopian time])

(ይህ ፡ ግንኙነት ፡ የጠበቀ ፡ መሆኑን ፡ ተረዳ he realized this relationship was strong)

መሆኑን ፡ ግን nevertheless, in spite of that ስመሆኑ lämähonn by the way, (at head of plirase); be it so but..., in spite of that, nevertheless (see also A lä- + infinitive)

Romp's hamahon has the same functions as ሁኖ hand or ሆኖ hono

(ቁስ ፡ በመሆን ፣ አንስንስ he served as a priest) (ከወዳጁ ፡ ጋር ፡ በመሆን ፡ ሁኔታውን ፡ ለማየት ፡ ወደ : አካባቢው : ሂደ together with his friend, he went to see the conditions in that area)

በመሆኑ hämähonn since

(የማርሴይ፣ሕዝብ፣ጨዋታ፣ወዳጅ፣በምሆኑና፣ ደመ፡ ቍጡ፡ በመሆኑ፡ ይተረትበታል since the people of Marseilles are fond of talk and are irascible, stories are told about them)

በመሆኑም bämähonumm (at head of phrase) therefore, so

ምነው ፡ አለመሆኑ why doesn't it happen? why doesn't it fit?

ከመሆኑም ፡ በላይ in addition to being, in addition to the fact that, above all

derived stems

ተሆን tähonä (imperf. ይኮን yakkon) (ይህ ፡ አልበቃ ፡ ሲል ፡ ምን ፡ ይኮናል what is to be [done] when it/this is not enough?)

ተኋሆን täh"ahonä, ተኋኋን täh"ah"anä, ተኳኳን täk"ak"anä or ナススケ täk"ah"anä to be suitable (for each other), be good for (one another), to get along with one another, to be or to behave toward one another or become well disposed toward our another, to be compatible, to agree (እንዲት ፡ ይዃዃናሉ how are they disposed toward one another?) (Ar.)

(እኛ ፡ በኛ ፡ አልተዃዃንንም we do not agree with one another) (Ar.)

(የኔ፡ ቢሔው፣ አብልጅ፡ የሚኳኋነው፡ ሙት፡ የሚጣባው ፡ ጥቅም ፡ አይቶ ፡ አይደለም ፡ ዝምድና ፡ ፍለጋ ፡ እንጂ the reason people like myself become godparents or enter into client-protector relationships is not to take advantage [of them] but rather to seek a family relationship)

(እናንተ፣ ስለማትኳኳኑ ፣ ይኼን ፣ ምኞታቸውን ፣ 十個十 since you [two Lesbian girls] cannot be a match for each other, give up this notion [of marriage to each other] of yours)

ትክክል ፡ ተኳኋን to be balanced (Supp.)

nominal derivatives

ኋኝ hwań [also written ውዋኝ] worthwhile person, supporter

イスラ hoh wan a being in general

ルうす honät essence, essential being, event

ሁኔታ huneta, ሁንታ hunäta, ሁናቴ hunate of ルイナ hunota circumstance, way (condition), state of affairs, status, situation (condition or state), even, attitude, position, manner, mood, air (attitude)

ቅድሙ ፡ ሀ-ኔታ precondition(s)

የአየር ፡ ሁኔታ weather conditions

እንደ ፡ ነንሩ ፡ ሁኔታ as the case may be

እንደ ፡ ሁኔታው it depends, according to the situation

ሁኔታዊ hunetawi situation, referring to a state or a condition

ሁንኛ hunänna reliable, trustworthy, dependable, good friend; principal, chief (person in an affair), one who executes what has been decided, plenipotentiary; representative, agent

(ሁንኛ ፡ እንማዳ ranking or important guest/vis-

(የተኩስ ፡ ድምፅ ፡ አያሰማን ፡ ከመመለስ ፡ በቀር ፡ ሁንኛ ፡ ጦርነት ፡ አልተዋጋነም except for falling back while letting the sound of firing be heard,

we fought no real battle)

ይሆንታ yahunta assent (see ይሆን ፡ አለ above)

足びうか yahonta (see 足びう above)

(ይሆንታ ፣ ብያኔ snap judgment)

(የይሆንታ ፣ ፍርድ snap judgment)

್ರಾರ್ mähoňa means for being useful, profitable, beneficial

አኳኋን akk"ah"an, አኋኋን ah"ah"an or አኳሆን akk"ahon condition, state, state of affairs, position, fashion, style, manner of being essence (አኋኋንህ ፣ እንዴት ፣ ነው how are you?)

(በምንም ፡ አኳኋን by all means, in any circumstance[s] or conditions)

(በብዙ ፡ አኳኋን in many instances)

(ታይቶ ፡ በማይታወቅ ፡ አኳኋን in a fashion/manner never before seen)

(የጊዜውን ፡ እኳዲን ፡ ተመልከቶ observing the state/conditions of the times . . .)

ሔዋን hewan Eve (Bibl.), fcm. pers. በ. ዓቅሙ ፡ ሔዋን in ለዓቅሙ ፡ ሔዋን ፡ ይረሳች to reach puberty, come of age (woman) ዕፀ ፡ ሔዋን esä henon Ficus palmaia

ሐሙክ hawk, ውክት hukät or ሐሙክት hawkät agitation, uproar, disturbance (see አመከ)

AO:13 hawzen screened-off portion of the house for storing grain (Harar); Hawzien, district in Tigre 1358N 3926E

ยมูง hazzih here (var. of h มูง) (see -มูง)

ሐዝሐዝ ፡ አለ hazhazz alä to bark like a dog, to pant

ሐ.ዝራ hizra in b.ዝራ ፣ ሒ.ዝራ a large, snake-like aquatic animal which has a rough hide and which swallows gazelles (KBT)

ሕዝቅኤል həzqə'el Ezekiel (Bibl.), masc. pers.

ሉ.ዝብ hizah plaited rope (part of the mule harness) (see አዛብ, ዛብ reins, bridle)

ሕዝብ hazh people, public, crowd, mob, community, masses, pl. ሕዝቦች hazbočč, አሕዛብ ahzah, አሕዛቦች ahzabočč, አሕዛቢ ahzabi or አዛቢ azzabi

(ሰራው ፡ ሕዝብ broad masses)

የሕዝብ secular, public [adj.], popular, national (holiday)

የሕዝብ : መዝሙር national anthem

የሕዝብ ፡ በዓል national holiday, secular holiday ሕዝበ ፡ እግዚአብሔር the Israelites

ሕዝበ ፡ bcሰ-ቲያን the Christian community, Christians

መንግሥት ፣ ሕዝብ constitutional monarch (KBT)

ተራ ፡ ሕዝብ crowd, common people, masses

የከተማ ፡ ሕዝብ the urban populace øረ ፡ ሕዝብ anti-people

ሕዝብንት hazhannät nationhood

ሕዝበት həzbät = həzhənnät

ATIOR hazhawi public, civil (liberties), civic (duty), lav

(ሕዝባዊ ፣ ድርጅት mass organization)

ሕዝባው ያን hazhawayan peoples (races); laity (ሕዝባው ያን ፡ በምክራቸው the laity through their advice ...)

አሕዛብ ahzah (Geez pl. of həzh) pagans, peoples

ግብሪ : አሕዝብ non-Christians; animals slaughtered by non-Christians and hence unfit to cat

ሐዘን hazān sadness, compassion, sorrow, grief, affliction (see አዘነ)

(ሐዘኑን ፡ ንለጸለት to commiserate)

የሐዘን mournful, grief-stricken, grieving ሐዝንተኛ hazäntäňňa mourner, grieving (person)

ሕዝንት haznät mourning, grieving

ሐዝንዚን hazänzin the next reading stage after the gə'əz nəbab, passage read at six o'clock on Good Friday by the deacon

ሕዝአት haz'at den, lair (Geez)

UH, f hazziya there, var. of bil, f käzziya (sce -il, f) (Ar.)

ሕዝዝ həz(z)az(z)a scurf, itch afflicting the scalp (AYMQ)

ሃያ have or ሀያ have twenty ጅ

ሃያ። ሐንድ haya hand or ሀያ። ሐንድ haya hand twenty-one

Yタ hayañña occ. リタマ hayañña twentieth

ሐይ hayy domestic or wild animal, beast

ህይ : አለ hayy alä to say 'whoa', utter a cry to stop an animal from going into a field or from hurting itself; to cause to go out, to chase (out) [applied to animals and people] (see also ህይ : ህይ : አለ below) ህይ ፡ በል ፡ አለ hayy bäl alä to start work enthusiastically

υβ, hay cry nttered in warrior's songs; exclamation of derision

ሀይ ፡ ሀይ ፡ ሎ ኃው ፡ ሽበ 'hay!' 'hay!' long lance!

US have willow tree (Salix safsaf)

『 hoyye (see 『足)

noun, used in addressing persons; cry to urge on animals (see U.S.: hA)

(አባቴ : ሆይ O father!)

working to relieve the tedium or to coordinate their movements), to work at s.th. vigorously

h74: 0% anta hoyye O you! (person addressing a companion or as an exclamation of surprise)

THE žanhoy or ATTE ganhoy O majesty! (when addressing or referring to the monarch) (obs.)

12: U.S. gene hoy O king!, O queen! (title of address for the king of Kaffa [obs.]) (see 22)

US: US hoyya hoyye or US: US hoyya hoyye refrain of a song, verse or song type
US hoyya particle expressing approbation as

in: መዙሪያ ፡ ሆየ my brave Mäk mya

ሆた: ሆたナ hoyhoyta crying out, 'hoy! hoy!'

υይ : ሀይ : አለ hayy hayy alä to sing 'hay hay' in the refrain of certain songs; to intervene in a quarrel in order to stop the fighting

U.E.: U.E. hayy hayy exclamation of disapproval or of gricf

ውና ፡ ሆይ ፡ ሆይ ፡ ሲል ፡ ዋስ he spent the day chasing off birds [from the field of grain]

(ሆይ ፡ ሆይ ፡ ብላችሁ ፡ አስታርቋቸው tell them to calm down and reconcile them)

UR: UR: AR havy havy hay one who gets parties in a dispute to stop fighting

v 足・v 足 か hayy hayta urging parties to a dispute to stop fighting, urging s.o. to do or not do s.th.

(ይኼ ፡ የስሙ ፡ ሆይሀይታ ፡ ስለማያዋጣኝ ፡ አንተ ፡ አጣራልኝ ፡ አሎኝ he said to me, 'Since people's urgings will not get me anywhere, check on this for me.')

ሂያ ፡ ሂያ ፡ አለ hiya hiya alä to cry out, roar (person possessed by a zar-spirit)

ገየል hayäl large antelope (Gecz)

ንዮስ hayyälä B to be powerful, prevail (Geez) (see አዮስ)

>% hayyal strong, powerful, omnipotent, almighty

ኃያልነት hayyalənnät omnipotence

18A hayl strength, power, might, force, violence, impetus, intensity, vehemence, action (effect)

ኃይሉ haylu or ኃይሌ hayle masc. pers. n.

(118A bähayl by force, vehemently, strongly, furiously

የምድር ፡ ጎይል ground forces

የባሕር ፡ ኀይል navy

የአየር ፣ ጎይል air force

የጦር : ገይል armed forces

ኃይለ ፡ ማርያም haylä maryam masc. pers. n.

ኃይለ ፣ ሥላሴ haylä səlləse masc. pers. n.

ラルム: タム haylä qal principal word(s), main idea or conception, forceful expression, magic word, pl. ラル・タイナ haylä qalat

በኅይለ ፡ ቃል hähaylä qal in a loud or angry voice

ኃይለ ፡ ጊዮርጊስ haylä giyorgis masc. pers. n. ኅይለኝ hayläňňa strong, powerful, mighty, violent, impetuous, vchement, terrific, intense, ardent; severe (judge, weather), sharp (pain), extreme (heat), high (fever), harsh (words), heavy (drinker)

ጎይሰኝነት hayläňňannät or ጎይሰኝነት hayläňňannät forcefulness, impetuosity, vehemence, strength, potency

あらゆう haymät tent (Geez)

*ሀየመነ - መሃይም mähayyəm or መሃይምን mähayyəmən layman, illiterate person, pl. መሃ-ይማን mähayyəman

መሃይምንት mähayyəmənt lay (f.), illiterate (f.), pl. መሃይምንታት mähayyəməntat

ሃይማኖት haymanot faith, religion, belief (religion) Syr. haymanuta

ሃይማኖቱን ፡ ለመጠ to adopt another faith (us. by becoming a Muslim, a Protestant or a Roman Catholic)

ሃይጣኖት ፡ **ያውርድ** wish or blessing (said on greeting s.o., lit. may things go well for you!) **በሃይጣኖት** ፡ **mኖ** (ጸኖ) to keep the faith, remain true to one's religion, firm in one's religious beliefs

ሃይጣናተ ፡ ቢሰ irreligious, heretic, atheist, one who plays a double game

1ይጣናተ፡ ጉደሎ haymanotä g^wädälo one who accepts the O.T. but not the N.T., i.e. one who accepts Judaism

ሃይማዊት ፡ አበው haymanotä ahäw book containing the writings of the early church fathers: Origen, Chrysostom, etc.; the belief of the ancient Hebrews such as Abraham, Isaac and Jacob, religions of the forefathers who believed in one God without perceiving his physical manifestation

ባለ ፡ ሃይጣኖት pious, religious, trustworthy ነገረ ፡ ሃይጣኖት religious teachings, doctrine አዕጣደ ፡ ሃይጣኖት a'madä haymanot pillars or principal dogmas of the faith: the Trinity, the Incarnation, Baptism, Communion, the Advent, etc.

ጸሎተ ፡ ሃይማኖት şälotä haymanot the Nicene Creed

ሃይማኖተኛ haymanotätňa religious, pious, devout

ሃይማኖ-ኮኛነት haymanotäňňannät piety, devoutness

ሃይማኖታዊ haymanotawi religious, pious, devotional

*ሐየስ - ሔስ hesä to criticize; to be good for ሔስ his or ሔስ hes criticism, review (critique) (neol.)

ግስ ፡ ሂብ gəllä his self-criticism

7ንበ. : ሒስ constructive criticism (neol.)

สริน. hayyasi critic (neol.), pl. สรินร์วิ hayasəyan

ሐይቅ hayq lake; lake and district of Hayq about 40 m. east of Mäqdäla 1121N 3943 E

ሐይቅማ hayqəmma lacustrine

ሆድብሉ ፡ አለ haybäle alä to speed up, expedite a task, to cause to go fast, to run fast, to do s.th. with vigor, work energetically (see ሆድ ፡ አለ)

ザルナ hoyta (see ザナ)

ሐይክል haykäl sanctuary, temple (cccl.)

ሕያው hayaw immortal, alive, living, animate, pl. ሕያዋን hayawan (see also ሕይወት)

(ሕያው ፡ ይመስንን may the Living [God] be praised!)

(**የሚከ**ያ ፡ የሙት ፡ ሕያው ፡ ነው the deserter is a living dead man)

ሕያውነት hayawannät immortality

ሕያዋን hayawan living, quick (persons, beings)

(በሕያዋን ፡ ሙካከል among the living)

(መትንን ፡ ሕያዋን ፡ ወሙ ታን Indge of the quick and the dead [God])

ዕንለ ፡ ሙሕያው ag^walämmäh(ə)yaw mortal man [Geez əg^wal + əmm + həyaw]

(ብርዕ ፡ አንለ ፡ ሙሕያው physique, posture) (KBT)

ማሕየዊ mahyäwi Christ the Savior; food (means for keeping one alive); paten

ሕይወት havwät life, existence

ሕይወቱን : አሳሰፌ to commit suicide, kill o.s.

ሕይወቱን ፣ አሳልፎ ፣ Am to sacrifice o.s.

ሕይወተን ፡ አጣ to lose one's life

ሕይወት ፡ ዘራ to recover consciousness, come to

በሕይወት ፡ ቆየ to be alive, stay alive

በሕይወት ፣ ኖሬ to stay alive, keep alive

በሕይወት ፣ ነበር he was alive

የሕይወት ፡ ታሪክ biography, curriculum vitae

የሕይወተ ፡ ሥጋ ፡ ዘመን lifetime

ሕይወተ ፡ ሥ.ን corporeal existence, earthly life ሕይወተ ፡ ንፍስ state of grace received through Baptism or Communion

ሰብአዊ ፣ ሕይወት earthly life, existence

ዕፅ ፡ ሕይወት əṣä həywät tree of life (in Paradise), (Ficus palmata, Verbena officinali)

ጥንተ ፡ ሕይወት sustenance, drink and air (which make life possible)

ጽዋወ ፡ ሕይወት life-giving drink; crock containing the tälla-beer served at sodality meetings ሕይወታዊ haywätawi animate, having life

ሕያዋን hayawan pl. of ሕያው

(ወደ ፡ እውነተኛው ፡ ዓለም ፡ ሂደ to die, pass away, lit. he went to the real world)

(እንደ : ማር : ይሄዳል it sells like hot cakes, lit. honey)

(አሁን: ግን፡ አዚህ፡ ላይ፡ ያኖርኩት፡ አኔ፡ ሰሂድ፡ እንዳይረሳ ፡ ነው but the reason that I wrote down this [incident] here is so that when I die, it won't be forgotten)

ከጠንቋይ ፡ ሂደ to consult a tăng "ay-sorcerer ጎሬ ፡ ቤትህን ፡ ሂድ go to your neighbor መጽሐፌ ፡ የት ፡ ሂደ where did my book get to? [person searching for his book]

ሄድሁ hedhu I'm leaving [said by a person as he rises to leave]

ሂደ ፡ ልምጣ l'll be right back, lit. let me go and come [back]

L.F. hid [imper.] go!, [with rising intonation] is it really so? [the answer is **an-+** 1 swear it!]; cautillation sign

በላ ፡ ሂድ häla hid so go!, go to the Devil! በወንዙ ፡ ሂድ travel, go along the river ልሂድ lahid may I go?

ሄደ(ሰት) hedä(lät) in የንግዲህ ፡ ልጅ ፡ ያል-ሄደላት ፡ ሴት ፡ ቶሎ ፡ ትምታለች a woman who has not passed the afterbirth will soon dic ሄደ(በት) hedä(bbäf) in የወሎ ፡ ግዛት ፡ ስለ-ሄደበት ፡ ሸፊታ he rebelled since the territory of Wollo was taken from [or lost to] him

እየ ayyä + perf. + ሂደ hedä expresses progressive action:

እየተሻኘሉ ፡ ሄደ it went on improving, it improved more and more, it got better and better #ም ፡ ሄደ in ይህን ፡ ብታደርግ ፡ አኔ ፡ ቆሜ ፡ አልሄድም if you do that, it is as though I am not alive (threat equivalent to I won't take it lying down)

ይዝ ፡ ሂደ to take away, go off with or make off with

(ይዞህ ፡ ይሂድ [insult] 'may it [death] take you away!')

AIT: UR to anticipate s.th., do s.th. in one's imagination

ራሱ ፡ ሂደ to go one's self (instead of sending s.o.), to go somewhere in one's imagination

ከራሴ ፡ ሂደ it slipped my mind, I forgot it በጮርቋው ፡ ሂደ to die young, die prematurely ግሩን (also ግሩን, ግሩ ኍን) ፡ ሂደ to go towards, walk forward to meet a friend, welcome one's master

ጭልጥ ፡ ብሎ ፡ ሂደ čəllətt bəlo hedä to go away completely or for good, to be lost to view, vanish from sight

LLR heheda to walk, go a little (Supp.)

ተሄደ tähedä (imperf. ይኬድ yakked) (impers.) one went; to be gone to, to go (habitually); to be threshed (see አሄደ); to be interpreted (see አሂደ)

(በመጀመሪያ፡ ወደ፡ ጣፋ፡ ግንባር፡ ሲኬድ፡ ስፈር፡ ከነበረው፡ ዋሻ፡ ደርሰው፡ ውሎ፡ ሆነ after they arrived at the cave which had been the camp when one was first going up to the front, the day was spent there)

(ARB: TYS the Old Testament was interpreted)

ተካሄደ täkahedä to be administered, managed, to be conducted, carried out, to be run (managed), to be handled (affairs), to be operated (factory), to get on (task)

(ሁሉ ፡ ነገር ፡ ደህና ፡ ተካሄደ everything went well)

ナれよどと täkiyahedä = täkahedä

(አዲሱ ፡ ሕንጻ ፡ በፍጥነት ፡ እየተኪያሄደ ፡ ነው the new building is progressing rapidly)

AXX aheda to thresh grain (by driving oxen around the threshing floor); to interpret a religious work written in Geez

(ብሎይ ፣ አሂደ he interpreted the O.T.)

(እስቲ ፡ ካለዘብሽው ፡ ውዳሴ ፡ ማርያም ፡ ወይም ፡ ቅዳሴ ፡ ማርያም ፡ አሂጅላቸው recite for him from the Wäddase Maryam or the Qəddase Maryam which you [f.] have down pat)

(AUX: All when I finished interpreting...)
Ahue akkaheda to manage, administer, to conduct (affairs), to run (a business), handle (a matter), to operate (a factory), to carry out (a project), to help go forward

(የራሱን ፡ ጨርሶ ፡ የሌሎቹን ፡ ልንታ ፡ የሚያካሂድ ፡ ሥራተኛ ነው ። he is a worker who, after finishing his own share, helps the others' share [of the work] along)

እስኪደ askedä or እስሂደ ashedä to make, cause, let or allow to go; to drive [vt] away; to lead (to) (way or road); to have grain threshed as above; to have s.o. interpret or have a text interpreted as above; to indulge in love affairs (በዝናብ ፡ ጊዜ ፡ ይህ ፡ መንገድ ፡ አያስኪድም this road is impassable in the rainy season)

(Ru: Parant: more this road is traversable; this is a workable method)

(ይሂም ፡ ያም ፡ ያስኬድ ሃል you can go this way or that way)

(እንዳይደክምሀ ፡ እርምጃሀን ፡ ባንድ ፡ ዓይነት ፡ ሚዛን ፡ እስኪደው let your stride keep to the same kind of pace lest it [walking] tire you)

(ብዕሩን : እንደብና ፡ አስኪደው he let his pen course [over the paper] again)

(በቤት ፡ ሰውና ፡ በራስ ፡ ሰው ፡ ትርጉም ፡ መልክ ፡ ቢመለከቱት ፡ ያስኬዳል if we consider it [a word] from the standpoint of meaning 'member of the family' and 'individual' it will be valid)

(በጸጉሩ ፡ መካከል ፡ ማበጠሪያውን ፡ ሦስት ፡ አራት ፡ ጊዜ ፡ አስኪዶ ፡ ወጣ he went out after passing the comb through his hair three or four times)

(ውጪ ፡ ያስኬዳል ፡ እንዴ can one walk outside? [is it dry enough, warm enough, etc.])

(ያ ፡ በቅሎ ፡ ለሁለት ፡ ቀን ፡ ያለሄዳል that mule can carry one for [only] two days)

(ይህ ፡ ሚማ ፡ ለአንድ ፡ ቀን ፡ ያስሂዳል these shoes will last only a day)

(ባበር ፡ ጣቢያው ፡ ከዚህ ፡ አሥር ፡ ደቂቃ ፡ በአግር ፡ ያስሄዳል on foot, it is ten minutes [or 'it takes ten minutes'] from here to the train station) (ነገሩ ፡ አያስኪድም this matter is not valid [does not lead to the right conclusion])

(ንባቡን : ያስሂዳል he recites the passage without hesitating)

ሄድ ፡ አለ hedd alä to go, walk a little (አባክቱ ፡ ሄድ ፡ ብዕቱ ፡ ታምስስ please, go just :

(አባክህ ፡ ሂድ ፡ ብለህ ፡ ተመለስ please, go just a little way and return)

1995 hayağ, 2995 hiyağ or 2995 heyağ one who leaves, departs, outgoing, departing, one who goes on foot, pedestrian, trotter (horse); profligate, libertine, promiscuous; top copy of a receipt, form or official letter [as opposed to the qüri or retention copy]

(47: 75% skirt chaser, womanizer)

(ሂደችን ፡ ትውልድ ፡ ስትሽኝ seeing off the outgoing generation ...)

(ፌሬስህ ፡ ቶሎ ፡ ቶሎ ፡ ሂያጅ ፡ ነው is your horse a fast trotter?)

ሄደት : አለ hedätt alä to move away, go away a short distance

ሄደት ፡ ሂደት ፡ አለ bedät hedätt alä = hedätt alä ሂደት hidät process, progress, progression (neol.)

V.F. hiğa threshing by means of oxen; harboring a grudge

ሃጅ hağ one who goes, leaves, runs fast (B) ውትሮ ፡ **ሃጅ** one who always says he is leaving but does not get up and go

አሂድ ፡ ባይ ahed hay in አሂድ ፡ ባይ ፡ ለንቅ ፡ ሬጅ one who always says he is leaving but does not get up and go

አላስኬድ ፡ አለ alasked alä to be impassable (road)

አስኪያች askiyağ administrator, manager, director ዋና ፡ ሥራ ፡ አስኪያጅ general manager ምክትል ፡ የፓለቲካ ፡ ሥራ ፡ አለኪያጅ deputy political administrator

ሥራ ፡ አስኪያጅንት səra askiyağənnät management

ሙሄድ mähed departure

(የወሎ ፡ ግዛት ፡ በመሂዱ since the territory of Wollo was taken from him ...)

መሄድ ፡ አበዛ mähed ahäzza to run after wom-en

(ባልዮው ፡ ቅንዝረኛ ፡ በመሆኑ ፡ መሂድን ፡ ያበዛ ፡ ነበር since the husband was licentious, he used to run after women a lot)

መሂጃ mäheğa means for going somewhere, place where one walks, sidewalk; time for or place where one leaves

(መሄጃ ፡ የለውም he has no means with which to go anywhere, he has no place to go [to])

(መሂጃ ፡ ንንዘብ ፡ የለኝም I have по money to go anywhere)

(የመሂጃ ፡ ቀን ፡ ደረስ the day of departure arrived)

(በናት ፡ ነው ፡ መሄጃው which way does he go? what is his route, path?)

77.7 mahega place or time for trampling the grain as above; wine vat (where grapes are trampled); means for interpreting as above

ማካሂጃ makkaheğa means for conducting, carrying out work

([f]) かん: ずれなれ workplace, area where one perfoms tasks, office)

ማስኪጃ maskeğa means for having work done or managed

(የሥራ ፡ ማስኬጃ operating expenses)

እካሄድ akkahed, አክያሄድ akkäyahed or እክ.-ያሄድ akkiyahed manner, way of walking, gait; manner of doing s.th., conduct, procedure; declination or conjugation (trad. gramm.); route, i.e. the way a road goes, the way an affair or project develops

(አካሄዱ ፡ አያምርም his conduct is not good)

(አካሄደ። መልካም attractive gait)

(የሥራ ፡ አካሂድ conduct, operation or management [of a task, etc.])

(የንገር ፡ አካሄድ technique(s), method(s) for handling, managing a task or conducting an operation)

(የጨሪቃ ፡ አካሄድ orbit of the moon)

ሃይድሮጀን haydroğän hydrogen

OF hadd measure, proportion, limit (extent) Ar. hadd

ሂደ hedå to go (see *ሀየዶ)

US hod stomach, belly, abdomen, inside (of the body), heart, mind

PR. hode term of endearment

ザ先: サルフ hod hodun kind of bird (so named from the similarity of its cry with these words) [mourning dove?]

ሆድ ፡ ሆዲን ፡ በላኝ hod hoden bällann it affected me deeply

ሆድ : ሆዬን ፡ አለኝ hod hoden alänt he/it hit me right in the stomach

VF: AVF intimate, mutual (understanding, acquaintance)

(ሆ究: Aሆ究: 十甲四阜 to know one another intimately, to know each other's intentions, thinking)

アル・中島:ケル his heart is in the right place, lit. his belly is red (Ar.)

ሆዱ : ምላ to be full, unable to eat more

ሆያ: ፡ መረዝ to stain, spot, to cause to bear a grudge

(ነንሩ : ሆዱን : መረዘው the matter embittered him, caused him to bear a grudge)

ሆድ ፡ ረሳ in አንተን ፡ የምረሳብት ፡ ሆድ ፡ የለኝም I am not one to forget you, lit. I do not have a heart with which I will forget you.

ሆዱ : ራስ to be pleased

ሆዱን: አራስ to slake one's vengcance, to gorge o.s. to the limit, to conclude an affair to one's advantage or satisfaction

ሆድ ፡ አራቀ to estrange, render s.o. cold (toward s.o.)

UP:7: Ám to tell one's thoughts, tell everything, not holding anything back, to be open (in talking to a friend), to be obliging, give one's assent readily

ሆድ : ተሸበረ to be upset, apprehensive, have 'butterflies' in the stomach due to fear

US: The to be mistrusthal, be suspicious of s.o., to harbor resentment

ሆድ ፡ ተሸካከረ to harbor mutual ill will, to feel sort of downcast, dejected or upset

ሆድ : እፕከሬ hod ašakkärä to cause ill will, illfeeling (by saying s.th. offensive)

ሆዱን ፡ ቁለፈ to keep a secret; to be unable to

cat due to disgust at the had quality of the food UP: 42420 to need to relieve one's bowels, to rumble (stomach); to be upset because of s.th. one heard or was told

ザル・私 Im to give up hope (of getting s.th.), to despair

(ሆያ_o : **ቁር**ጧል I've made up my mind)

ሆዱን: \$2ጠው to be very sad, sorry for s.o.; to have a stomachache

(ሆደ።ን ፡ ቁረጥኝ my stomach aches; I've s.th. I'm cager to tell)

ሆዱ ፡ ቀበተተ to have a swollen stomach

ሆድ ፡ ተንቀበበ to bulge, protrude, stick out (stomach from overeating or from pregnancy)

ሆዱን ፡ ተተረ to have a swollen stomach

UK: 14 to disturb, haunt, to prey on one's mind (thought, event, etc.)

ሆዱ ፡ በስጠው to eat alone (socially unacceptable as one should share)

(ሆዱ : አይበልጠውም one who does not cat alone [who likes to share])

ሆዳን ፡ ባር ፡ ባር ፡ አለ(ው) hodun bar bar alä(w) to feel trepidation, have 'butterflies' due to fear ሆዱ ፡ በሬክተ to become distended (belly)

ምድ ፡ ባሰ(ው) to be offended, to be unhappy, aggrieved, to include in self-pity, feel sorry for o.s.

ሆሉ : ብሰ(ብት) to take some food for o.s. (good manners require that an offer of food be refused)

ሆድ ፡ በሰለ as in በግቅ ፡ ሆዱ ፡ በሰለ to burst with laughter, be weak from laughter

ሆድ ፡ ባባ to be afraid; to pinc, sigh for

ሆዱ ፡ ቡጭ ፡ ቡጭ ፡ አለ hodn hučča bučč alä to be moved to pity

ሆた: チA to keep s.th. to o.s.; to be able to stand s.th.

(የናት ፡ ሆድ ፡ አይችልምና because her maternal heart could not bear [such a thing])

(እኛም ፡ ሆዳችን ፡ አልችል ፡ አለ and we couldn't stand this)

ሆድ ፡ አበጠ to swell, become distended (stomach); to take a purgative

ሆድ ፡ ዕመቀ in ሆድ ፡ ሲያውቅ ፡ ዶሮ ፡ ማታ said to s.o. who says s.th. he will not really do; to deceive o.s., indulge in self-deception

ሆዱ : የማይታወቅ hodu yämmaytawwäq one who hides his feelings, whose intentions cannot be guessed

ሆዱ ፡ ተወጠረ in በሐሰት ፣ ስልቻ ፡ ሆዱ ፡ ተወጠረ

he was chock full of lies, lit. his stomach was distended by a sack of lies

ザダフ・Hant to slit [open] the belly

ሆዱ ፣ ተዘጋ to have no appetite

ザ条: 晃乙中 to be constipated

ሆድን ፡ አደረቀ to constipate

ሆዱን ፣ ጐረበጠው to have stomach pains

ሆዳ ፡ ነሽ bodu goššä to be upset by s.th.

ሆዱ ፡ ኅባ to forget, lose sight of

UPS.: 11 it [name, etc.] was on the tip of my tongue; I was deeply moved

ሆድ ፡ ተገኘ in ሆዱ ፡ አይገኘም he can't be figured out, his intentions cannot be divined

UPT: h77 to figure s.o. out, understand his motives, intentions, discover what kind of a person he is

ሆደን : አጥመበመሀ to upset the stomach (illness)

ሆድን ፣ ጠመዘዘ to be forbidden or prevented from accepting s.th., to hear s.th. but refuse to accept it

ሆዱ : አይመራ he is still nursing a grudge, a grievance

ピዶう: 入而み to take a purgative

ሆዱ ፣ ጠቦተ not to be hungry, to have no appetite

US: KEMS or KEMS # : US he doesn't barbor a grudge, he doesn't stick to his decisions

ሆዱ ፡ ቅቤ ፡ ጠጣ to be pleased, gratified

ሆዱ ፡ ተጨነቀ to be depressed, anxious

ሆድን ፡ ጨከን to steel o.s. (for s.th. unpleasant), to be hardhearted

(የናት ፡ ሆድ ፡ አይጨከንም a mother cannot be crucl to her own child)

ሆ条: && to be apprehensive, anxious

ሆድን ፡ አፍተስተስ to upset the stomach (food which disagrees with one)

ሆድ ፡ ፌ፫ in እንዳንድ ፡ ሰዎች ፡ ሰማቸውን ፡ ሆድ ፡ ይፍ፫ው certain people whom I'd rather not name

ሆድ ፡ ባዶ ፡ ሆነ to be empty (stomach)

በሆድ ፡ አደረገ to conceal, hide (feelings)

(ሐዘኑን ፣ በሆዱ ፣ አድርን concealing his grief . . .)

five: \$n to keep s.tb. to o.s.

ከሆድ ፡ (ውስጥ) ፡ አይጠፋም it sticks to your ribs (food)

በሆድ : ተመሠረት to be impressed on one's mind (thought, idea)

በሆድ ፡ ቁጠሪ to count silently

በሆድ ፡ እንበበ to read silently

በሆድ ፡ ተናገሪ to talk to o.s.

በሆዱ ፡ ተደፋ to fall flat on one's face

ንንር ፡ ብሆዱ ፡ አለ I have a secret; s.th. is troubling me

ከሆድ ፡ አወጣ in እሱን ፡ ከሆይ ፡ አውጥቸዋለሁ I'm through with him

ነንሩ ፡ ከሆድ ፡ ነባ to be preoccupied, concerned with s.th., have it on one's mind

የሆድ ፡ ሰm to open one's heart, speak freely

የሆዱን: ተናገረ to say what one has on his mind የሆዱን: አዋጣው to give vent to one's feelings, unburden o.s.

የሆዱን ፡ ዘረዘረ to unburden o.s., tell everything ሆድ ፡ ምላሽ bod məllaš diarrhea; vomit, vomiting

ሆያ: ፡ መባስ self-pitying

ሆድ ፡ መንፋት abdominal distension (neol.)

ሆድ ፡ መክዝድ abdominal discomfort (neol.)

ሆድ ፡ ማጣቢያ enema (neol.)

ሆዷ ፡ ቅሪት hodwa qərrit pregnant

ሆድ ፡ ቀብታች hod qäbtač one who has a bloated belly

ሆድና ፣ ጀርባ incompatible, irreconcilable

ሆድ ፡ አምላኩ one who will do anything for money or a good life, one who lacks principles, scruples

ሆድርቀት hoddərqät constipation (for ሆድ ፡ ድርቀት)

ሆድ ፡ ዝማ diarrhea

 $U\mathcal{F}: \mathcal{H}^{oo}\mathcal{F}$ one who cats alone, does not want to share

hos: vs. around the middle (of the body), around the stomach

ドሆた abdominal

(የ)ሆድ ፡ **ው**ር*ጠት* stomachache, colic, abdominal cramps

የሆድ ፡ ብልሃት a stratagem one keeps to o.s.

የሆድ ፡ ናፍቆት longing for food

(የ)ሆድ ፡ አቃ entrails, intestines, guts

የሆዱ ፡ እንግዳ dear friend

የሆድ፣ ድርቀት constipation

የሆድ ፡ ጨሽት rumblings of the bowels

UR: A& patient, generous, one who knows how to endure and keep quiet

U.S.: プロ crocodile; vindictive or vengeful person

ሆ名:**本**省C pannchy, bloated body

UR: 17 sulky, sullen; sensitive, easily hurt or offended, self-pitying

ሆደ ፡ ብቡ hodā bəbbu easily moved to tears

ザス: 卡冬 hodä tofa potbellied

UR: 14 hardhearted, unfeeling; one who does not forget a wrong done him

UPR: 1C kind, meek, gentle

ሆ名: 麻んタ having a white spot on the belly (animal); liberal, magnanimous; loyal, upright (& ch: ザル: 麻んタ baving a blaze on its abdomen [horse])

መቃብር ፡ ሆድ mäqabər hod one who keeps things to himself; insatiable cater

መርዝ ፡ ሆድ grudge bearing, vindictive, bitter ማሰር ፡ ሆድ obese

ቅምቦ : ሆድ big-bellied, paunchy

ቅምብቻ ፡ ሆያ፡ having a small belly (like a qəmbəčča crow)

ቁራጥ: ሆድ q^wärrat hod one who realizes that a given course of action is hopeless and should be abandoned

ቀብጻዳ ፡ ሆድ big-bellied

ቅብጥጥ ፡ ሆድ bloated stomach

ቋኞት ፡ ሆድ one who cannot eat his fill

ቊኝት ፡ ሆድ one who cannot eat his fill

ቡና ፡ ሆድ lean-bellied (like cattle in the dry season)

ዕንቅብ ፡ ሆድ big-bellicd, fat

ከበሮ ፡ ሆድ having a distended stomach

መሲት ፡ ሆድ having a belly 'lean as a stone'

ዝማ ፡ ሆድ diarrhea

#169: IF constant eater, one who is always eating

ዶራ። ሆኖ one who has a very large outgrowth on the belly

TCS: US gurna hod fat, obese (Gondare usage)

カナ: U C potbellied

ጎተራ ፣ ሆድ insatiable, big cater

予価門・ が発 gučuma hod having a big belly though eating little

ንፈርሳ ፡ ሆድ glutton, voracious eater

ጢብኛ ፡ ሆድ having a sunken stomach

ጥሽ ፡ ሆድ small man with a big belly

ጡጫ ፣ ሆድ tučča bod having a small belly, the size of one's fist

(ሆድ ፡ ያባውን ፡ ብቅል ፡ ያወጣል what the mind has hidden, bəqəl [a prime ingredient of tällabeer] brings forth, i.e. drink loosens the tongue)

(ከውፕ ፡ ሆድ ፡ ቅቤ ፡ አያድር proverb indicating that people find it hard to keep a secret, lit. but-

ter does not remain in a dog's belly [because he vomits it up])

(ピイナ: か先: かんかん the children born to one woman have different characteristics, lit. a mother's belly is spotted)

(vs.7: sh: vs.7: top: '7%' the thing is [that] he who thinks of [filling] his stomach is pierced in his stomach, i.e. people who think of nothing else but how to fill their bellies are trapped [by those who take advantage of their concern])

(የሰው ፡ ሆዱን ፡ የውፍ ፡ ውንዱን nobody knows what goes on in a person's mind, nobody can identify a male bird)

(ሆድ ፡ ሲያውቅ ፡ ዶሮ ፡ ማታ self-deception, i.e. though realizing the situation, tells himself that things will get better)

เหลือ hodam corpulent, stout, greedy, gluttonous

তে মৃক্ত hodamənnät corpulence, greediness, gluttony

ሕን: **P** hadmo fence of stone constructed around a dwelling; flat-topped stone house (see አን: **P**)

*ኅደረ - መንደር mähdär habitat (neol.) (sec አደረ)

book (usually a parchment copy of the Psaltery); book-cover, portfolio; dwelling or staying place (see A&&)

ማኅደረ ፡ ማርያም mahdärä maryam Mahderc Maryam, village in Gondar Administrative Region 1143N 3755E

*ሀደረ - የሐዳር yähadar tax levied on certain merchandise

ጎዳሪ hadari (see አይረ)

ሔዳር hedar or ሔዶር hedor heron

ጎዱር bodur one who spends the night (see አደረ)

ሕዳር hadar 3rd Ethiopian month (10 Nov.-9Dec.)

hac i Am to celebrate St. Michaelmas on 12 Hadar (due to the belief that on this day, God's throne is perfumed with incense by the 24 heavenly priests in order to assure the welfare of this world. The Prayer of Incense [sālotā atan] is performed in the churches in commemoration of this)

ሕጻር ፡ ሚካኤል holiday sacred to St. Michael and celebrated on 12 Hadar

ሕዳር ፡ ጽዮን holiday sacred to the Virgin and celebrated on 21 Hadar

የሕዳር ፡ በሽታ epidemic of abdominal typhus which occurred in November 1919

างด hadar taken out of a case, e.g. a book

ጓደራ h"addare counter made from ጀንገደር

ጎድረት hadrät dwelling, staying, remaining or spending the night, living in a house; the Nestorian belief that the Word came to rest in the son born of Mary but did not come from Mary's flesh (see አደረ)

ጎድረት ፡ ምድር hadrätä madar living on the various portions of one's estate [landowner who has plots of land in different locations] (obs.)

ሐዲስ haddis new, pl. ሐዲሳት haddisat (Geez) (see አደሰ)

ሐዲስ ፣ ኪዳን the New Testament

*ሐደሰ - ተሐድሶ tähadso rejuvenation (ተሐድሶ ፡ ኮርስ refresher course)

ሂደት hidät process (see *ሆየደ)

ሐዳን hidan covenant (see ኪዳን)

ሐዴዴ haddada to forge iron, metal Ar. haddada ሐዲዴ hadid rail (for a railroad) Ar. hadid የሐዲዴ ፡ መንገድ railroad የባዮር ፡ ሐዲድ railroad

ሖዶዶ hoddädä B to farm the hudad land (see below) with corvée or forced labor; to keep the Lenten fast (see h-ዶዶ)

TARK tähoddädä to be cultivated (hudad land as above); to be observed, kept (Lent)

አስሖዴዴ ashoddädä to have s.o. farm the hudad land, have hudad land farmed by corvée or forced labor; to have s.o. observe Lent, have Lent kept

ሐዳዴኛ hoddadäňňa fasting, keeping or observing Lent

ሖዳዴኛንት hoddadäňňannät state or condition of keeping Lent

ሐዳጅ hoddağ corvée laborer; one who observes Lent

ሐዳይ hudade Lent

(ሑዳዴ ፡ መም the Lenten fast)

ሑዳድ hudad government or state lands ex-

ploited for the government by owners of nearby parcels of land. By extension, these nearby parcels are also *hudad*. The government temporarily assigns control to a governor, a tribal notable (*balabbat*) or royal emissaries who has them worked by peasants who are required to plow, sow, reap and thresh the crop without compensation. This forced labor is also called *hudad*.

(ሎዳድ ፡ አረስ to work the hudad land; to make o.s. be sought after, cause o.s. to be invited by a display of haughtiness)

(ሲሶ ፡ ሑዳድ labor of one-third of the working days of the year which peasants must donate (a collective responsibility) (obs.)

የዕጣ ፡ ሑዳድ assigning the individual farmers their forced labor by lot (obs.)

የሑዳድ ፡ እርሻ cultivation of state domain as above (obs.)

ሐዳደኛ hudadāňňa peasant who works as above, working in a corvée

ሐዳዶኛንት hudadäňňannät condition or state of working as above

አስሐዳጅ ashoddağ one who oversees corvée labor; one who has Lent observed

መሐደጃ mähoddäğa means of or condition, occasion, place or time for working as a forced lahorer (Ar.)

ማስሐደጃ mashoddäğa means of or occasion, etc. for causing or allowing to work as a forced laborer (Ar.)

አሐዳዴድ ahhodadäd manner of working in a corvée

ጎዱግ hadng the Patriarch's deputy

ጎዳግ həddag top and bottom margins of a book page; lower hem of a garment; excess, extra (see አዳግ)

ጎድንት hadgat in ዓመተ። ጎድንት sabbatical

ጎጸጣን hadaṭan minority (pol.) [Geez pl. of ጎዳጥ 'few']

ሐይራ haddäfä B to wipe s.th. off

haği title of honor usually reserved for Muslims who have made the pilgrimage to Mecca; Muslim masc. pers. n. Ar. hājī

Z界 hiğa threshing (see *UPL)

Y hiž imperative 2nd sg. f. of Y.S. (Yägğu usage) (Ar.)

ሃች ፡ አስ haǧǧu alä to go on a pilgrimage Ar. hāǧǧ

ሃጅ hağ (see *ሆኖዶ)

UN hoğa drink made from the leaves of the coffee bush or the hull of the coffee bean

uß hoğğa decd to a plot of land Ar. huğğa

va hage cotton (Gondare usage)

ሐግ: አለ hagg alä to reprove, admonish, rebuke; to criticize, advise; to cite the law, punish according to the law

ሕግ hagg law, rule (of law, of grammar), legislation, dogma, doctrine (cccles.), measure (legislative); virginity, virgin state (woman); religious marriage, pl. ሕግጋት haggagat, ሕግጋት haggagat or ሕግጋቶች haggagatočč

ሕግ : ሥራ to make a law, legislate

ሕግ : ሰበረ to deflower a virgin, to break or transgress a law

ሕግ ፡ ተሻሪ to be annulled, abrogated (law)

ሕግ ፡ አላት she is a virgin, has the signs of virginity

ሕግ : አክበረ to observe a law

ሕግ ፣ አስከበረ to enforce the law

ሕግ : አወጣ to legislate, draw up rules

ሕባ : ደፌሬ to deflower a virgin

(ሕግሽ ፡ አልተደፊረም you're still a virgin)

ሕግ : ተገኘ in ሕጓ : ከተገኘ if she is found to be a virgin

ሕግ: 19 to get married in a church ceremony which admits of no divorce; to take orders (monk or priest); to be engaged to a virgin

ሕግ : ማስ to violate, break the law

ሕግ : ፌረስ to be annulled, abrogated (law)

ሕግ ፡ አፈረስ to break one's vows (priest by engaging in adultery or by marrying again after the divorce or death of his wife)

ሕግ ፡ ምምሪያ council, congress

ሕግ ፡ መወሰኛ senate

ሕግ ፡ ሠሪ legislator, lawmaker

ሕግ ፡ ተላላፊ lawbreaker, criminal

ሕግ ፡ እስከባሪ prosecutor, attorney for the prosecution, law enforcement officer

ሕግ : አው ጪ həgg awci lawgiver, lawmaker, legislator

ሕግ : የሰሽ həgg yälläš lawless

ሕፃ : እስፈጸሚ one who executes the legal measures decreed by the judge

ሕግ ፡ ጠባድ one who observes or keeps the law ሕግ ፡ አፍራሽ one who violates the law, law-

breaker, priest who fails to keep his vows

ሕገ : Aft conscience

ሕን፡ መሠረት charter

ሕን ፡ መንግሥት constitution (legal)

ሕ1 : ርትዕ Pentateuch

ሕን ፡ ትሩፋት the Gospels

ሕን ፡ እራት the Mosaic Law (the Ten Commandments and the 570 prescriptions uttered by God)

ሕገ : አውሰባ həggä awsəbo marriage laws

ሕን ፡ ወንጌል the commandments of the Gospel

ሕን : ወጉ illegal, irregular, ontlaw; exception (to a rule), untrammeled by rules, unrhymed or free verse

(ፍቅር ፡ ሕን ፡ ውጥ ፡ ነው love is not bound by rules)

(ሕገ : ወጉ ፡ ትዳር illegal or unsanctioned union of man and woman)

(ሕገ : ውጥ ፡ ግጥም irregular verse, free verse, one which does not follow the rules)

ሕገ፡ ወጥነት həggäwätənnät lawlessness

ሕገው ሙ həggäwtu badly raised, ill-bred, dishonest, churl (see አገው ሙ)

ሕዝ ፡ ጠብቅ haggä tähhaq philter or charm for keeping one's wife faithful

ሕን ፡ ፍልስፍና jurisprudence

በሕግ rightfully, lawfully

በሕግ ፡ አምላከ in the name of the law!

ከሕግ ፡ የወጣ ፡ሰው outlaw, transgressor

ከሕግ፡ ውጭ፡ የሆነ illegal, unlawful

የሕግ legal, legislative, judicial

የሕግ : ልጅ adopted child

የሕግ ፡ መምሪያ ፡ ምክር ፡ ቤት chamber of depnties (obs.)

የሕግ ፡ መምሪያ ፡ አማካሪ member of the chamber of deputies (obs.)

የሕግ : ሚሰት woman who was a virgin at the time of marriage to her present husband, woman married in accordance with the täklil ceremony.

የሕግ ፡ መወሰኝ ፡ ምክር ፡ ቤት senate (obs.)

የሐግ፡ መወሰኛ፡ ምክር፡ ቤት፡ አባል senator (obs.)

የሕግ : መግስስ : ሥርዓት the ceremony of the mize-best man's exhibiting the blood-stained nuptial bedsheet

የሕማ ፡ ረቂቅ bill (legal), draft (law)

የሕግ : ተርጓሚ : ሥልጣን judicial power

የሕግ ፡ ባለሥልጣን magistrate

ዋና ፡ የሕግ ፡ አስፈጸሚ chief executive

(የ)ሕግ ፡ ፀዋቂ legal expert, jurist

(የ)ሕግ ፡ አውጪ ፡ ክፍል legislature

ምድራዊ ፡ ሕግ secular law

ስጣያዊ ፡ ሕግ Divine commands, prescriptions ሰብአዊ ፡ ሕግ law(s) instituted by man (as op-

posed to Divine law)

ቃሚ ፣ ሕግ policy, standing rule or regulation

ባለ: ሕግ man or woman who married according to the *täklil*-ccremony; priest who has kept his vows; virgin (m. or f.); legislator, supreme judge

ባለ ፡ ሕግ ፡ ሴት woman who has married only one man and has kept her yows

በሕን ፡ ናት she is a virgin, lit. she is in her virginity

oቃቤ : ሕግ aqqabe hagg court official who monitors the observation of laws and rules in court offices; charm or philter to keep one's wife faithful

ጠቅላይ ፡ ወቃቤ ፡ ሕግ attorney general

ያሉ : ሕግ illegally, unlawfully, without due process (of law)

ወታደራዊ ፡ ሕግ martial law

የመንግሥታት : ሕግ international law

POACE: A7 natural law; commandment to love God with heart and soul, not to worship any deity but God

የታወጀ፣ ሕግ yätawwäğä həgg act (law)

የአራት ፡ ሕባ the Decalogue and the prescriptions of the Pentateuch, namely the 570 commands God gave Moses

የወንጀለኛ ፡ መቅጫ ፡ ሕግ criminal code

የወንጀል ፡ ሕግ ፣ ፍልሰፍና criminal jurisprudence

ዲቃላ ፡ ሕግ law not derived from Divine prescription

mባያዊ ፡ ሕግ or mባይዓዊ ፡ ሕግ rules affecting a person's character which are transmitted from generation to generation, conscience

ሕጋዊ həggawi legitimate, rightful, lawful, legal, juridical, valid (will); person or priest who has observed or kept his vows

ሕጋዊ ፡ ወራሽ legal heir

ሕጋዊነት haggawinnät legality, state or condition of observing one's vows

UTC hagar country, home district (see አገር)
(የየት ፡ ሀገር ፡ ሰው ፡ ነህ where are you from?

ሀገሬ ፡ ምንዝ ፡ ነው I'm from Mänz)

PUTC yähagär native [adj.], national

የሀገር : ተወላጅ native [n.]

ክፍለ ፣ ሀገር region

አህጉር ahagur continent

U16-Q hagärawi local custom, practice, tradition or language

ሐንስ hagos masc. pers. n. (Tňa. 'joy')

њார hegano deputy (medieval court title) (obs.)

ሐ.ኃዩ. hagay dry season, from 25 Tahsas to 25 Mäggabit

በመነ፣ ሐ.ኃይ = hagay

h17 haggägä to pass laws, make legislation, issue decrees (Geez)

ሐ.ንኔ ፡ ሕግ hagage hagg lawmaker (Geez)

ሕጋጌ haggage rules (pl. of ሕግ)

ሕግጋት haggagat or ሕግጋት haggagat Geez pl. of hagg 'law'

Am. hate title of honor for the Ethiopian monarch (obs.) (see A&)

មក€ hətər Arabian perfume Ar. 'ətər

₼ТО hutha Muslim Friday sermon Ar. kutha

ቲጣን hitan flattery (Geez)

ሕጣን hotan infant, baby, young child, pl. ሕጣናት hotanat (see also ሕፃን)

ሕጣናት hatanannät infancy

* ነጠነ - ማሕጠን mahtän deposit, (object of) trust, pledge (Geez) (sec *ሐፅን below)

Anh hata' sinner, sinful person

ንጢኢት hati'at sin, crime, spiritual impurity, sperm, fig. copulation

ጎጢአት ፡ ሥራ to sin, commit a sin

ጎጢአት : አመን to confess a sin

ሥርየተ፡ ጎጢአት forgiveness of sin(s)

ትልቅ፣ ጎጢአት mortal sin

ትንሽ : ኀጢአት venial sin

ጎጢአታም bati'atam sinful

ጎጢአትኛ haṭi atänna sinner, sinful person ጎጥአን haṭi an sinners, wrongdoers

ጎጫ haça resembling coarse, white sand
ጎጫ ፡ በሬዶ white sand; patch of ground covered by hail

ሐጭ : አለ hačč alä to gallop a horse

(ሐም : በላት to gallop off)? ሐም hačč giddyap!

ሀው hač larva (bcc) (see እጭ)

UP hoč pure

ሆቱ ፡ አለ hočč alä to cover the ground (hail), to jingle (coins poured out on a table)

ሆጭ ፡ አደረገ hočč adärrägä to offer or give money, coins; to jingle coins in the hand (in order to attract s.o.)

*ሆጨሆጨ - ተንሆጨሆጨ tänhoçähoçä to jingle [vi]

hora o anhoçanoça to jingle coins [vt], to make metal money jingle, clink

አንሆጭሆው aahočahoča = anhočahoča ሆጭ ፡ ሆጭ ፡ አለ hočča hočč alä to count off, count out, to expose

ጎጭም ፡ አለ həçəçç alä to grit, grate [vi], to squcak, creak

ተዋጭ ፡ ጎምጭ ፡ አለ ከອčəčč həčəčç alä = həčəčč alä ይው ሕፕሮፕሮ አሉ

ሆጨቱ ፡ አደረገ hočáčč adärrägä to give money quickly; to count off, count out; to lay out (money) (Gk.)

ሐኔ hase imperial title (see አኤ)

ሐጽ has arrow (Geez only)

ሐአ ፡ ስስት hasä səssət the urge or spur of cupidity

ሐጻ ፡ ስስት ፡ አሳደረ to incite cupidity

ሐጸ: ዝሙት haṣä zəmmut the urge of lust, concupiscence

ኆ% hosa a white, pumice-like stone used in making parchment (Geez 'sand')

ሜጸ፣ ደንጋይ = ሜጸ

ጎፀብ haṣāh small pond, eistern (see አጠበ)

760 hasho coarsely ground flour made from threshed grain which has been cleaned of straw; chaff left on the threshing floor (Gondare usage)

160 : TCA chaff remaining on the threshing floor

ጎፅበት həsbät ablution (Gccz) (see አጠብ)

ሐፀና haṣāna in ዣን ፡ ሐፀና žan haṣāna officer of the royal palace (obs.)

107 həṣān lap, bosom (Geez) ጎቦን ፡ አብርሃም Abralıam's bosom (Bibl.)

ሕፃን həsan baby, infant, child up to seven years, pl. ሕፃናት həsanat

የሕፃናት : ሐኪም pediatrician (ucol.)

የሕፃናት ፣ ሥራ childishness, puerility

ሕፃን : አእምሮ immature mind

ሥነ፡ ሕፃነ፡ ሕክምና pediatrics

ሕፃንንት həṣanənnät babyhood, childhood, infancy

(የሕፃንንት ፡ ጊዜ infancy)

(ማዕዘ ፡ ሕፃንንት children's actions, play)

ሕዕን həşən armpit; valley, ravine, gap or interstice between two large masses (Geez); gusset or gore in a garment

*A67 - %A67 mahṣān womb, uterus, tiny space inside a flower or an animal's organ where fertilization takes place; empty space inside a letter, cellular openings, e.g. in a sponge, wasp's nest or the upper surface of an angura-bread

ግሕፀን : Aft's place in the mind where thoughts develop, ideas germinate

ማሕፅን ፣ ዮርዳኖስ baptismal water

የማሕፅን ፡ ሕክምና gynecology (neol.)

አል : ማሕፀን cervix

ncw: 73.87 inside of the womb; open space or spaces underneath the münbär-altar (on which the tabot is placed) in which another tabot may be placed

የመሬት : ማሕፀን bowels of the earth

ማሕፀንት mahṣānt deposit, (object of) trust, pledge (Geez only)

ግሕፀንተ ፡ ምድር bowels of the earth

ማሕፀንት mahşäntu pers. n.

ማሕፀንተ ፡ ሥላሴ mahṣāntā səllase masc. pers.

19.7 haşin iron (Geez only)

መብረቀ ፡ ጎፂን electricity, electric current (obs. neol.)

ሕፅው həşəw eunneli, castrated person, court favorite, close friend or confidant

ሕዕፅ həṣāṣ decrease, diminution (Geez); limitation (neol.)

(ぞぬんタ: みもち) waning of the moon, incomplete lunar month [one having only 29 days instead of 30])

- ሕዕዕ həşəş want, defect, s.th. missing or incomplete (Geez)
- ሕፁፅ haşuş lunar month which is only 29 days long
- ጎፁ የን həşuşan in ጎፁ የን ፡ መጻሕፍት Chronicles (Bibl.)
- ሐፍ haf mouth, var. of አፍ
- ሆና ፡ እስ haff alä to be quick, do s.th. quickly
 (ከተቀመጠት ፡ ሆና ፡ ብሎ ፡ ተንግ he stood up
 suddenly from the place in which he had been
 sitting)

ሀፍታ hafta celerity, rapidity (see አፍታ) አንድ ፡ ሀፍታ a moment

じん hofi pumice (Orom.)

- ሆኖሆና ፡ አለ hafhaff alä to tremble, shake, to shake o.s., to jump, fidget
 (ምድር ፡ ሆኖሆና ፡ ይላል the ground is shaking)
 (Ar.)
- ሆና ፡ ህና ፡ አለ hafhaff alä to shake, be shaken, to flutter, flap [vi]
- ጎፍሬት hafrät disgrace, shame (see አፈሪ) ጎፍሬት ፡ ሥጋ hafrätä səga genitals, genitalia ጎፍሬት ፡ ቢስ hafrätä bis brazen, shameless
- ኅፍስ hafs prison Ar. habs

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ሐፈፍ፡ አለ hafaff alä to rise, e.g. plane taking off, to get up quickly (see ሀፍ፡ አለ) ሐፈፍታ hafafta rising, getting up quickly